# THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO. | ATLANTA, GEORGIA, THURSDAY, AUGUST 10, 1871. | VOLUME IV---NUMBER 50


## Evening Edition.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 9, 1871.

☞ See Fourth Page, for interesting Reading

☞ Dr. O'Keefe died yesterday. His remains were brought to this city to-day, and will be interred to-morrow.

### Mayor of Charleston.

General Wagner's majority for Mayor of Charleston over Pillsbury, carpet-bagger, is ——.

### Statue.

The bronze statue, "The Angel of the Croton," designed by Miss Stebbins and cast by Von Muller, for the Central Park, New York has arrived. The estimated cost of the fountain is $150,000.

### Suit Against a Railroad Company.

The case of Dr. W. G. Breck, of Springfield, Massachusetts, against the Connecticut River Railroad, for forty thousand dollars damages, for injuries alleged to have been received by a collision at Northampton in June, 1870, has been concluded with a verdict for ten thousand dollars for the plaintiff.

☞ The physicians of the city are respectfully requested to meet at the office of the Mayor to-morrow morning, (Thursday) at 8½ o'clock for the purpose of uniting in the ceremonies attending the burial of the late Dr. D. C. O'Keefe.

MANY PHYSICIANS.

### Georgia Matters.

From the Savannah News, we learn that a gentleman, well known in that city, is said to have been robbed of six thousand five hundred dollars on Saturday night.

From the McDuffie Journal we learn that the northeastern portion of McDuffie county presents a better prospect for a good crop than it has done before in years.

From the Rome Courier we learn that Messrs. R. H. & T. W. Asbury, of Cave Spring, sold a Jersey calf for $75. The same paper wants an iron bridge over Armurchee Creek. It also tells of the $50,000 fire at Talladega.

The Savannah Daily Advertiser says that the assessment of Chatham on the state tax for county purposes will amount to about $53,000. The tax is: for educational purposes, 13 per cent; repairs to Court-house, 1½ per cent.; current expenses, 44½ per cent.

The Rome Commercial tells us of a Mr. Weaver, his wife and six children, of Rome, who were made quite sick last Saturday from drinking buttermilk, supposed to have been something wrong about a tin can the milk had been in. The same paper complains of contrary cows upon the streets.

From the Seaport Appeal we learn that the survey of the St. Mary's and Western railroad was begun on the 3d of August, by Captain J. S. Tyner. The same paper says that the bills of the Macon and Brunswick Railroad Company are being redeemed at Macon.

We learn from the Cartersville Express that Humphries, who killed his child at Kingston, in June last, has been sentenced by Judge Parrott to be hung on the 29th of September. From the same paper we learn that the oldest man in Bartow county (Abernathy) died on Sunday last; also, that a Methodist Episcopal Church has been organized at Gillum's Spring, in Bartow; also, that the cars of the Cherokee Railroad will run to Rock Mart, in Polk county, by the middle of September; also, that P. H. Brewster has purchased an interest in the Express, and will be connected with it both as editor and proprietor.

The Savannah Republican tells of the fire Monday night in that city, which occurred in the liquor establishment of Mr. Weichand. It says $200 will cover the entire loss. The first bale of new cotton was received on Sunday by Saunders, Goodwin & Miller, it has been sold at 30 cents per pound. Andrew Egan has been commissioned Notary Public for the county of Chatham. N. M. Kirby has been arrested by United States Marshal Force, charged with passing counterfeit money, and has been carried to Savannah. Negro excursionists to White bluff have been rampant—one negro shot.

The Monroe Advertiser informs us of the destruction by fire of the dwelling house of William Walker, of Monroe county. Also, that fever prevails to a greater extent than usual in that county; that there was a failure of Judge Coles to get any business on Monday in the District Court. The Monroe County Building and Loan Association has been organized. One night last week the school room of Prof. Asbury, of Forsyth, was entered and one hundred and fifty dollars in cash, and a fine gold watch abstracted. The Monroe Agricultural Society is eliciting an increased interest. G. S. Smith, near Forsyth, has invented a machine which turns out fine pressed brick.

### Public School Meeting in Jonesboro.

JONESBORO, GA., August 1, 1871.

The Board of Education for Clayton county met pursuant to adjournment. The trustees of several of the sub-Districts being present, were invited to sit with the Board and confer with them in regard to the subject of establishing schools in the county under the act approved October 13, 1870. A free conversation was held on the subject. The difficulties that have beset the local officers in the prosecution of the work was carefully considered in connection with the several communications from the State Commissioner, whereupon the following preamble and resolutions were submitted, and they were adopted by the Board, to-wit:

The County Board of Education for Clayton County, being deeply sensible of the importance of the matter entrusted to their hands, have, in connection with the trustees of the sub-Districts, earnestly addressed themselves to the work before them. The County Commissioners have prepared a map of the county. The trustees have made an enumeration of the pupils of school age. They have selected locations for schools. Teachers have applied for examination and license and steps have been taken to initiate, in the county, the system of Free Schools, under the act of October 13, 1870. Beyond this they have not felt authorized, under the circumstances, to go. In taking the enumeration it would seem that they have gone ahead of the law; for the act of October 13, 1870, requires that this shall be done between the 1st and the 15th of October, and it will clearly be the duty of the Trustees to take the enumeration again at that time. The board have been impelled by a desire to make the effort to establish schools at as early day as possible, accordingly they rested, for a time, on the decisions and instructions of the State Commissioner, respecting taxes. Further reflection convinced them that the law gave to them no power to assess taxes to pay teachers. This left them no resources but what might accrue from the bonds due the educational fund, and from the proceeds of the State Road, together with some other sources of income to the educational fund; the whole amount, on paper, not exceeding some four hundred thousand dollars. This would not afford more than two dollars for each pupil likely to attend school. Moreover the State Commissioner has fixed the commencement of the school year in September, just one month before the enumeration is called for by the law. The following points present themselves to the Board in connection with the consideration of the question of further action at this time:

I. How can the County Boards establish schools prior to the first of September with any hope of aid from the public fund, when the State Congressmen has decided that the school year does not commence till the first of September?

II. How can they establish schools on the first of September when the law does not require the Trustees to take the enumeration before the first of October?

III. The directions of the State Congressmen seem to make it imperative on the Board to commence the schools on or near the first of September next; and the intimation is given in his letter of July 21, 1871, that in this way they will receive the benefit of the school fund for the "next year." Does the Congressmen mean by "next year," the year commencing September 1, 1872? If this is his meaning, it would seem to be but to defer action till the enumeration shall have been taken according to the law, and the State Board shall have determined the amount which should be raised annually by taxation upon all the taxable property of the State, and have reported to the General Assembly the estimate which they have found necessary to support a school in every district in the State, of at least three months in the year. See act of October 13, 1871, section 37 and 42.

IV. The uncertainty attending the funds on which the State commission depends for the present aid of the schools, should constitute a salutatory caution against the Board embarrassing this important enterprise by precipitate action. The well-known indebtedness of the State road, and the depredation at which the bonds of the State are held suggests to the members of the Board, the very strong probability that there will continue to be but little money in the treasury for educational purposes, until some means or one contemplated in the 42d section of the law, are carried into effect.

Resolved, therefore, That when the proper time shall have arrived for the establishment of schools, under the law, and when the means shall have been provided for the same, this Board will proceed, without discrimination, to establish schools in the several school districts of this county.

Resolved, That the Secretary be directed to forward a copy of these proceedings to the State Commissioner and to THE CONSTITUTION.

Resolved, That this Board adjourn to meet on Friday, the 18th instant, and that the Trustees of the several districts in the county together with the citizens of the county be requested to attend the meeting.

E. T. BACKDALE, President.

ROBT. LOGAN, Secretary.

### STATE AGRICULTURAL CONVENTION.

**A Large and Intelligent Number of Delegates in Attendance—Much Enthusiasm—Speeches of General Colquitt and Colonel Barnett—Poem of B. H. True—Speeches of Newman, of Hancock, and Major Mark A. Cooper—Colonel Burn's Welcome to Rome.**

From Our Special Correspondent.]

ROME, GA., August 8, 1871.

*Editor Constitution:* The train due at 1 o'clock this P. M. brought to the city a very large number of delegates to the State Agricultural Convention. The hospitalities of the citizens are being extended to the delegates. The signs are that the session will be exceedingly interesting.

At 3 o'clock the Convention was called to order by General Colquitt, President, and the exercises were opened with prayer by Rev. Mr. Stirman.

SPEECH OF GENERAL COLQUITT.

General Colquitt said he found upon examining the printed programme, that he had been set down for an address. He had made no preparation, but would endeavor to address himself to a subject full of interest to the Convention. He congratulated the Society on the present assembly, and the favorable auspices which graced us. Without aid from any source, the Agricultural Society had been organized for the purpose of advancing the interests of the State. One of the first aims of the society is to augment the interest of farmers in judicious culture, in perfecting those improvements in farm management which tend to the good of the State. But the deliberations of the society and all its plans will eventuate in nothing unless farmers determine finally and for all to devote themselves to their adopted pursuit. They should feel an interest in it—an interest ever increasing. A want of faith in his business operates a farmer's success and prosperity. The agriculturalists of Georgia have labored under multiplied difficulties. There has been a too great desire to make money rapidly; this had misled many by causing them to adopt the ruinous plan of monoculture—adapting cereals to plant cotton. Debts neglected, interest which burden the farmers. Farmers have become discouraged. Prominent amongst the causes of this discouragement is a want of faith in their calling.

Why are fences rotting down and not made to replace them? Because of the very want of faith, and a semi-determination to enter sooner or later some other seemingly more profitable pursuit. Rotation of crops, better and more skillful culture have been neglected. A change must be effected else the society's meetings will be in vain. Farmers must come to the conclusion that farming is not only the safest but also one of the most remunerative employments to which men devote themselves. Planters, to succeed and to enjoy this truth in its fullness, must learn to live economically. Fewer acres, better culture, and home productions constitute the secret of profit as well as success. Guarding against debt, devoting himself to his particular vocation, studiously and judiciously, the farmer may and will realize the strength and truth of the proposition enunciated.

Look back to the past: lessons useful and valuable may be extracted from our fathers' experience. Their methodical habits, their devotion to ornamentation of their homestead as well as to the sterner duties of the field, may fitly be adopted by their sons.

In conclusion the speaker urged upon the convention the necessity for order, patient inquiry and courteous discussion. He invoked the co-operation of the members to this end that he might acceptably discharge the duties of his position.

Delegates from South Carolina were received with due courtesy. Delegations are expected from Florida and Alabama. Upwards of five hundred delegates are in attendance. The greatest enthusiasm prevails.

The report of the Business Committee was presented, read, and adopted.

A committee was appointed to rectify certain errors in the constitution.

Colonel Barnett presented a very interesting report of his observations in various portions of the State, made whilst discharging the duties incident to the Commissionership conferred upon him by the Society.

He found that the people are daily becoming more alive to their work, and that everywhere there are signs of returning thrift and prosperity. The people are discovering and cultivating a very promising inventive genius, in a word there is great cause for rejoicing congratulations among the friends of the agriculturist of the State.

A resolution of thanks to Colonel B., was adopted.

Mr. B. H. True, of Madison, read an entertaining poem *apropos* of the occasion.

The Society proceeded to discuss the question of home made fertilizers.

Mr. Newman, of Hancock, opened the debate in a well-timed speech, showing the ease with which manures may be saved and utilized; how worn out lands may be redeemed by means of crops in clover, lucerne and peas, turned under year after year; how washes have been remedied.

We have been too much in the habit of looking elsewhere than at home for the mules, the plows, even the axe-helves we need. We must cease doing all this; give rest to our lands by watching the crops, and steadily seeking to improve the soil.

Colonel Mark A. Cooper agreed with Mr. H. in his general observations. He had, in two years, saved 47,000 pounds of home made fertilizers.

Colonel Burns welcomed the delegates to Rome, in behalf of her citizens, and extended them an invitation to a collation to be spread at the Fair Grounds to-morrow.

Adjourned.

MIGNONNE.

### Trifles.

Tales from real life—Chinese queues.

Can a man make a breakfast off a roll of the sea.

A good gauge by which to measure a man's character is his lofty stock.

Gravity is no more evidence of wisdom than a paper collar is of a shirt.

The fellow who slept under "the cover of night" complained that he came near freezing.

"It's a deep'rt thing," said old Joe Sparkers, "That are young couple who've been billin and cooin and making eyes at one another for a month, have now gone to the minister and got a permit to see if they can't keep it up for a life time."

### Religious Items.

"Mother," said a bright little girl, "is hell a hot place?" Being a little puzzled what reply to make, the mother answered, "Yes." "Then" said the little girl, "why don't they turn the damper?"

A Syrian convert to Christianity was urged by his employer to work on Sunday, but he declined. "But," said the master, "does not your Bible say that if a man has an ox or an ass that falls into a pit on the Sabbath day he may pull him out?" "Yes," answered Hayoh, "but if the ass has a habit of falling into the same pit every Sabbath day, then the man should fill up the pitt or sell that ass."

A few weeks ago a baby was taken into a church to be baptised, and his little brother was present during that rite. On the following Sunday, when baby was undergoing his ablutions and dressing, the little brother asked Mama if she intended to carry Willie to be christened? "Why, no," replied his mother; don't you know, my son, that people are not baptised twice?" "What," returned the young reasoner, with the utmost astonishment in his earnest face, "not if it don't take the first time?"

### Varieties.

Padded bathing dresses are the latest wrinkle.

Hair dressers, from Philadelphia, are employed by the fashionable ladies at Cape May.

The ladies at Newport, wear silk dresses to breakfast, and carry white lace parasols on the beach.

Divorces are obtained in Maryland, without publicity. They take their wife out fishing and lighten the boat.

The reigning belle at Saratoga, has a wardrobe that fills five large trunks, two French maids, a hired young lady companion, two canaries, a pair of ponies, a phreton, and a sore-eyed poodle.

In the midst of a heavy shower during a prolonged storm, a little Miss was observed at the window crying bitterly. "What is the matter?" she was asked. "I'm 'fraid." "There is nothing here to hurt you; what are you afraid of?" "'Fraid of Noah."

### Atlanta Price-Current.

[CORRECTED DAILY.]

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, August 9, 9 o'clock, P. M.

Trade active. There is a better feeling in corn to-day. We note no change in quotations.

COTTON — Market flat at 16¾17 cents for full style New York middlings.

MONETARY—Gold buying at 1 10; selling at 1 12. Silver buying 1 05; selling 1 09 Exchange on New York buying at par, selling at ¼ premium.

BONDS—Atlanta bonds, 7 per cent. 70a75; do. 8 per cent. 80a85. State of Georgia bonds, 6 per cent., 78a80; do. 7 per cent., 90a92; do. 7 per cent., gold, 86a90. State of Tennessee bonds, old, 58a60; do. new 54a56. State of Alabama, 5 int. 68a70; do. 8 int. 98a1 02 State of South Carolina. 6 int. 58a60, new; do 6 int. old, 68a70. Georgia Railroad stock 1 03a1 05; do. bonds 95a1 00. Macon and Western Railroad stock 1 05a1 10. Atlanta and La Grange Railroad bonds 90a95; do. stock 93a98.

COUNTRY PRODUCE—Eggs, 22½; chickens, 25a35; Irish potatoes, new crop 1 00 per bushel; country butter 20c; Tennessee, 22½ 25c, per lb.

POWDER AND SHOT—Rifle powder, per keg, 25 pounds, $7 25; ¼ kegs $4 00; ⅛ kegs $2 25. Blasting, 5 25. Patent shot, per bag 2 75; buck, 3 00.

BROOMS—Atlanta made, "Robson Brand," 2 50a5 00 per dozen.

CORN—Car-load lots 60a62; small lots 62a65. Wheat $1 65a1 70. Oats 80. Rye 1 00, in little demand. Barley—fall, 1 10.

LARD—Buckets 14¼; cans, 13½; tierces 12½ a13.

DRUGS AND DYES—Bicarb soda, 7a7½ per lb. Blue stone, 14. Copperas, 3a4½. Epsom salts, 6a8. Madder, 22a25. Opium 10 50a13 00 per pound. Alum, 8a10. Borax, 45. Brimstone, 8a10. Camphor, 1 20a1 40. Indigo, 1 20a1 60. Quinine, 2 75 per oz. Saltpetre, 12a20 per pound. Castor oil, quarts, 5 00a6 50; pints, 3 00a3 50; per gallon, 3 00a3 25. Sweet oil, per dozen, 1 50a6 00; per gallon, 1 45a1 50.

FLOUR—Superfine 6 25; extra 6 75a7 25; family 7 00a8 50; fancy 9 00a9 75.

LIVE STOCK—Cattle on foot 2a4½c, shoats 5a6½c; sheep on foot 2a4c.

MARKET—Whisky—rectified 1 00 on ... Liquors—Bourbon 1 25a3 00; Robal 25 as to ... 50; Cognac Brandy 1 50 ison County 1 50a... 00a6 00; Jamaica 3 00; St. Croix ... Gin 1 50a6 00; Rum 3 00a5 00; Holland ... Cordial 3 00; Scotch 3 50a4 00; Domestic ... South-French Brandy 4 50a12 00. Wine-land Company's Native Sherry 15 00; ... and Red 12 00; Sparkling 20 00 per case.

BULK MEATS—Clear sides, 9¼; clear rib sides, 9¼; shoulders, 7¼.

BACON—Clear sides 10½; clear rib sides 10, shoulders 8½.

DRY GOODS—Allens 11½; Sprague 11½; Pacific 11½; Lancaster 10½; Wamsutta 8½; FACTORY GOODS—Brown shirtings, 7-8, 10½; B. shirtings, 3-4, 8½. 4-4, 12½, bleached shirting, 3-4, 8½10½a; bleached shirting, 7-8, 12½ 15½, brown drills, 12; bleached drills, 16a17; stripes 12; checks, 14; Montour osnaburgs, 14; Troup, 16; yarns, 1 35a1 40.

Amoskeag 9½; Tickings 10½a30c; Cottonades 18a35.

HARDWARE—Swedes iron, 6½a8; horse shoe 7a8; round and square, 5a10; City Mills bar, 5a6; Pittsburg bar, 5a6; nail rod, 10a12; band, 7a8. Nails, per keg, 10d to 60d, $4 70; 8d $4 95; 6d $5 20; 4d $5 45; 3d $6 70; 10d to 12d finishing $5 45; 8d $5 70; 6d $5 95; 3d fine $8 50; cut spikes, all sizes, $5 20.

HAY—Timothy 33 00a35 00; Clover 30 00 a35 00 per ton.

COW FEED—Corn Bran 1 10 per 100 lbs. Screenings 1 30 per 100 lbs. Bran 1 30 per 100 lbs. Barley meal 90 cents per bushel of 48 lbs. Stock meal 95 per bushel.

LEATHER AND HIDES—White oak sole 42a 48; Hemlock, good, 25a32; damaged 25a29 French calf skins 80 00a90 00; Harness leather 40a45c; upper leather 35a45c; lining skins (sheep) 6 00a9 00 per dozen. Green hides 6c; dry salted 15c; dry flint 16c.

GROCERIES—Corn Meal 98a$1. Rice, 10½c, herces. Soap, 6½10c. Candles, adamantine, 18½. Tallow 15a16c. Sugars, A. 14½c, Extra C. 14; Yellow C, 13½; Brown 10a12. Rio Coffee 18a21; Java 27. Beeswax, 28a30. Virginia salt, 2 25. Liverpool, 2 25. N. O. Syrup, 75a80. Molasses, barrels, 85c. Pepper 35. Race Ginger, 20c. Starch 8c.

LIME AND CEMENT—Cherokee lime 50c per bushel; Chewackla 70c. Hydraulic cement 4 00 per barrel; James River 4 50a 5 00 per barrel. Plaster of Paris 6 00 per barrel.

TOBACCO MARKET.—Common sound 55a 60; medium sound 60a75; fine sound 75a90; extra fine 1 00a1 35.

### Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, August 9.—Cotton quiet; middling uplands 19½; Orleans 19½; sales 2,285 bales including 350 in transit.

Flour dull and declining. Wheat quiet and unchanged. Corn dull and heavy. Pork steady at $13 50. Lard quiet. Turpentine steady at 51. Rosin heavy at $2 75 @ 80 for strained. Freights steady.

Stocks steady and quiet. Gold heavy at 11¾12. Governments firm but dull. State bonds quiet. Money easy. Exchange—long 9½; short 10½.

LIVERPOOL, August 9, noon.—Cotton opened unchanged; uplands 8¼; Orleans 9½; sales 12,000; export and speculation 2,000. Corn 30s 9d. Beef 89s 6d. Lard 46s.

LONDON, August 8, noon.—Consols 93⅜; Bonds 93¾.

PARIS, August 9.—Rentes 56f. 60c.

CINCINNATI, August 9, 2 P. M.—Cotton steady but quiet; low middlings 17½; middlings 19; no sales. Whisky steady and in fair demand at 89. Flour is buoyant and higher; superfine $4 50; extra $5 37½; family $6 62½. Corn firm and in good demand; mixed shelled 54. Oats steady with a good demand; prime mixed 38a38. Mess pork heavy and declining; held at $13 50, buyers offer $13. Bacon dull and lower; shoulders 6; clear rib sides 7½; clear sides 7¾. Hams in moderate consumptive demand and steady; sugar cured 14a15. Butter meats dull and neglected; shoulders 5; clear rib sides 6½; clear sides 6¾. Lard dull and lower; city kettle rendered, 9½. Wheat strong prime ... 91 13.


GRANTVILLE, Ga., April 7, 1871.

*Messrs. McBride & Co., Atlanta, Ga:*

We have just marked the Crockery, etc. We are pleased with the bill. Allow us to congratulate you on securing such a good packer—scarcely a piece broken.

Fill the order for Cutlery at lowest prices.

Truly yours,

GARRETT & ZELLERS.

McBride & Co.,
Manufacturers' Agents
FOR
FRUIT JARS,
Cheapest first-class Jars in the Market.

Victory!
Triumph!
And all Standard Jars, Strictly at Manufacturers' Prices.
500 Crates
Assorted Granite, etc.,
Ware exactly suited to wants of
COUNTRY MERCHANTS.
Our Own Importation,
IN
ORIGINAL PACKAGE,
contain no
High-Priced Dishes,
OR
UNSALEABLE GOODS.
Will sell for net CASH for $80 per Crate.
apr8-dtf

MERCER UNIVERSITY,
Macon, Ga.

THE next Term WILL OPEN in Macon, on WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 4, 1871, and the collegiate year will extend to the First Wednesday in July, 1872, with a vacation of one week at Christmas. Plans for a suite of elegant buildings are now preparing, and they will be pushed to an early completion. Very valuable additions have been recently made to the chemical and philosophical apparatus.

Tuition for the collegiate year, $100; Board, including lodging, fuel and lights, in good private families, ranges from $25 to $28 per month.

For further information apply to Professor J. K. WILLET, Penfield, Ga., until October 1st; and at all times, to Rev. H. C. HOLLADAY, General Agent, LaGrange, Ga.

FACULTY:

REV. J. L. M. CURRY, LL. D.,
President (elect) and Professor of Systematic Theology, Intellectual and Moral Philosophy.

SHELTON P. SANFORD, A. M.,
Professor of Mathematics, Civil Engineering and Astronomy.

JOSEPH E. WILLET, A. M., M. D.,
Professor of Natural Philosophy, Chemistry, Geology and Botany.

WILLIAM G. WOODFIN, A. M.,
Professor of Ancient Languages.

REV. JOHN J. BRANTLY, D. D.,
Professor of Theology, Belles Lettres and Modern Languages.

B. B. BUTLER,
President Board of Trustees.

S. LANDRUM,
Secretary Board of Trustees.

july23—d tii oct1

Blue Mountain Route
VIA
SELMA, ROME AND DALTON RAILROAD
AND
Its Connections.

PASSENGERS leaving Atlanta by the 6:20 P. M. train of Western and Atlantic Railroad, arrive at Rome 11:20 P. M., making close connections with mail train of Selma, Rome and Dalton Railroad, arriving at Selma 10:30 A. M. and at Montgomery, via South and North Alabama Railroad at 10:15 A. M.

The road has been recently equipped, and the equipment is all entirely new. Inferior to none now run to the South for strength and beauty of finish.

NO CHANGE OF CARS BETWEEN ROME AND SELMA.

Pullman's Palace Cars
from Rome to Montgomery without change. Passengers for Montgomery, Selma and ... leaving in Atlanta by evening trains, points beyond, arr...

NO DELAY

AVOID A RISK.

in Atlanta by taking this route.

This is the only line out of Atlanta making close and direct connections via Meridian to Jackson, Vicksburg, Monroe and other points in North Louisiana.

Purchase tickets via Kingston at General Ticket office.

☞ BAGGAGE CHECKED THROUGH ☜
Fare to all points as low as by any other route.
E. G. BARNEY, General Sup't.
JOHN B. PECK, Gen. Pas'r. Agent may30-dtf

DISSOLUTION.

THE firm of E. Andrews & Co is this day dissolved by mutual consent.
E. ANDREWS.
S. S. MAY.

The business will be continued under the name and firm of C. P. May & Co., at the Old Stand, No. 71, Whitehall street. We shall keep a full stock of Saddles, Harness and Saddlery Hardware, and solicit the patronage of the citizens of Atlanta, Ga.

C. P. MAY & CO.

All bills due the firm of E. Andrews & Co., will be settled by the new firm. july4-tf

W. B. LAWSON

OFFERS his services to parties wishing anything PURCHASED IN NEW YORK, which they may not find to suit them in Home Markets. The articles will be bought as low as possible, and only a small commission charged for purchasing.

Address letters W. B. LAWSON,
326 Broadway.

Refers to Chamberlin, Boynton & Co., Moore & Marsh, Atlanta, Ga. july18—d3m

HO! FOR BUFORD!!
The Biggest Thing of the Season!!
An Old-Fashioned Barbecue

WILL be given at Buford, THURSDAY the 10th day of August. Several addresses by distinguished gentlemen. Band in attendance. Twenty cars engaged for the occasion. Trains will leave the Air-Line Depot at 7 A. M., return at 5 P. M. Fare for the round trip and dinner ONE DOLLAR. The whole proceeds to be applied in erecting a new church. Every body and their families are invited. Tickets for sale at

N. S. GARNER,
C. H. WHITE,
WYATT WILSON,
J. A. PATTILLO,
A. G. HARKINS,
W. J. LOTT.

aug6-d7w
☞ Rox and Sun copy.

HOME SCHOOL
FOR
YOUNG LADIES,
ATHENS, GEORGIA.
Madame S. Rosowski, Principal.

THE regular exercises of this School will be resumed on
Monday, September 18th, 1871,
Continue Four sessions July 1st, 1872.
For circulars and further particulars apply to the Principal.
aug6-dtm

GEORGIA, Fulton County.

THIS is to give notice that my wife, Julia Agricola, has my consent to become a public trader or free dealer, and to act in the capacity of a free trader. This July 31, 1871.



Hotels.

McDOWELL HOUSE,
NEWNAN, GA.
W. M. REYNOLDS,
Owner and Proprietor.
TABLE always supplied with the best the market affords. Board as cheap as anywhere in Georgia. june18—tf

EXCHANGE HOTEL,
TALLADEGA, ALABAMA.
Colonel E. ROSS, Proprietor.
feb19—dtf

PLANTERS' HOTEL,
AUGUSTA.....GEORGIA
JOHN A. GOLDSTEIN, Proprietor.
Has been re-opened and furnished complete in every department, and is strictly a first class Hotel.
july2-dly.

TIBBS HOUSE,
J. D. CAMPBELL, Proprietor.
DALTON.....GEORGIA
apr1-dtf.

1871. SIMS HOUSE, 1871.
BY T. B. HALL.
LAGRANGE.....GEORGIA
jan8-dtf

PYE HOUSE,
NEW HOTEL,
FORSYTH.....GEORGIA
ED. CALLOWAY, Clerk. W. H. WILSON, Proprietor.
oct26-dtf

SNELLING HOUSE,
GREENESBORO.....GEORGIA
By Mrs. J. A. SNELLING.
MEALS at all hours. Porters will attend the trains regularly. feb15-dtf

BARTOW HOUSE,
CARTERSVILLE.....GEORGIA
J. T. GUTHRIE, Proprietor.
NO pains or expense spared to render guests comfortable. Table supplied with the best the market affords. Attentive waiters; clean rooms.
apr13-dtf

JOHNSON HOUSE,
BY MRS. DR. JOHNSON.
KINGSTON.....GEORGIA
june13-dtf

NATIONAL HOTEL
J. F. HAVES, Proprietor
Railroad Avenue, near the Depot,
CHATTANOOGA.....TENNESSEE
nov27—dly

BACON HOUSE,
LEXINGTON.....GEORGIA
JOHN W. BACON, Proprietor.
A REGULAR Two-Horse Hack will attend every day, to convey passengers from the Railroad to and from Lexington, Ga. sep11-dtf

THE KENNESAW HOUSE,
MARIETTA.....GEORGIA
HAS ample rooms for the accommodation of families. A large Verandah has just been added, together with other improvements, making it the most pleasant summer resort in the land. Hope will be given and amusements provided for.
june30-dtf FLETCHER & FREYER

CHOICE HOTEL,
Corner Broad and Bridge Streets,
ROME, GA.
J. C. RAWLINS, Proprietor.
Situated in the business part of the city.
Passengers taken to and from the Depot FREE OF CHARGE.
dec4-tf LEON A. CARP, Clerk.

HAMMETT HOUSE,
JONESBORO, GEORGIA
THE large and commodious Brick Store House, formerly owned and occupied by Thos. Burns, Esq., has been recently remodelled and refitted for a House of Entertainment by Mr. Wm. Hammett, late of the old Dougherty House, Newnan, Ga., where he would be pleased to see his numerous friends and the public generally. The very best fare the market affords always found.
jan15-tf.

RAILROAD EATING HOUSE,
GRANTVILLE.....GEORGIA
THE traveling public and the Atlanta and West Point Railroad, will find a very desirable and well kept HOTEL at the above place, and which cannot be surpassed in point of good living.
Mr. J. G. Trammell, the Proprietor, assisted by an estimable lady, has had at experience of over thirty years in Hotel keeping, and they are determined to spare no pains or expense to give entire satisfaction.
may22-dtf

TENNESSEE HOUSE.
Rome, Ga.
J. A STANSBURY, Proprietor.
THE above Hotel is located within Twenty Steps of the Railroad Platform, and convenient to the business portion of town. Servants polite and attentive to their respective duties. All baggage handled free of charge. Satisfaction guaranteed.
jan29-dtf

HEARD HOUSE,
LaGrange.....Georgia
BY GEORGE C. HEARD.
THIS House has been recently thoroughly renovated and refurnished. The tables always supplied with the best the market affords. Porters will be found at the Depot on every arrival of the Trains to take charge of baggage. feb25-dtf

ECKLES HOUSE
AND
LIVERY STABLE.
SOCIAL CIRCLE, GA.
Rates of Board:
Single Meal.....50 cents Per Day.....$ 2 00
Per Week.....$8 00 Per Month.....30 00
Livery Stable Charges at Corresponding Rates.
STERLING ECKLES, Proprietor.
june1-dtf

CAMP HOUSE,
FORSYTH.....GEORGIA
MR. J. B. CAMP,
formerly of the PYE HOUSE, ...
of THE PROCTOR HOUSE, ...
and former patrons in all parts of the country, traveling public generally, that he is prepared to give entire satisfaction to all who may favor him with their patronage. The house has been substantially refitted and improved, and will now compare with the best.
A Stage Line to Indian Springs connects with this House and there is also a livery line of carriages attached. Travelers will find at this house a regular 5:24 Virginia Welcome.
J. B. CAMP, Proprietor.
oct26-dtf

PYE HOUSE, FORSYTH, GEORGIA.

THE undersigned has taken charge of the above house and takes this means of informing the traveling public, that the house has been thoroughly renovated and refitted in every department, and he is determined that the table shall be supplied with all the luxuries the market will afford, that no pains nor money will be spared to render his guests comfortable. Polite and happy waiters will wait upon him. Competent and polite servants will attend his table, and efficient porter will be in attendance at the arrival of each train or car. His only aim is that the traveling public may give him a call to be convinced. When the train arrives, hand your checks to the PYE HOUSE porter. Attending the house I will have a Bathing Saloon, hot or cold, at all hours.
WILLIAM SCARBROUGH,
june16-dtf Proprietor.

GLOBE HOTEL,
LAWRENCEVILLE, GA.,
HAS ample room for the accommodation of families.
Travelers will find at this House a regular
OLD VIRGINIA WELCOME,
And board as cheap as could be asked for.
The House has been refitted and improved, and will compare with the best.
Good water here, and a fine, healthy climate, enervated in North Georgia.
I have also a Livery Stable attached. Horses and buggies can be had on reasonable terms.
june5-dtf W. J. BORN, Proprietor.

KING HOUSE,
STONE MOUNTAIN, GA.,
On the Georgia Railroad, 16 miles from Atlanta.
THE above new and elegant Hotel has been fitted up by the undersigned, and is now open to the public. The house is elegantly furnished throughout, and every accommodation has been made which will conduce to the comfort of guests. A.S.A.

Summer Resort

to places in the South is superior; situated at the foot of Stone Mountain, it presents the greatest natural curiosity in the United States, with grand scenery, fine water, bathing, ...

MINERAL SPRING,

an analysis of which shows it to possess wonderful curative properties. Every attention will be paid to the comfort of guests, and the table will be supplied with the best the country affords. Parties can make arrangements before leaving their city and reach the depot for Stone Mountain in time for dinner. Arrangements can be made for the transportation of guests to and from the depot, as well as for hunting parties for deer. The best and cheapest route to the city, and that in the shortest time.

RATES OF BOARD:

Per day $2 00; per week $10 00; per month $30 00. Children and servants half price. Special rates to families, and for a number of weeks.

S. T. WHITE, Proprietor.
aug3-dtf

NOTICE.

SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE GEORGIA R. R., Augusta, Ga., July 31, 1871.

UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE, on and after THURSDAY, July 20th, a Night Train will be run on the Atlanta Branch, connecting with Night Trains at Union Depot.



SHARP & FLOYD,
(SUCCESSORS TO GEORGE SHARP, JR.)
Manufacturing, Merchants, Wholesale and Retail Jewelers,
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

Examine Our Large Stock!

Examine Our Large Stock!

*Old Sol.*—"Here, Mother Earth, these Eclipses and Spots have about used me up. Regulate your movements hereafter by this, and don't depend on me."

All grades of this WATCH you can buy of our house AS LOW AS THEY CAN BE HAD IN THE UNITED STATES, in quantities or single Watch.

Railroad Men,
Look to Your Interest.
We keep the largest Stock of Watches this side of New York
WE SELL THEM AT PRICES AS LOW AS THE LOWEST.
Our Goods Guaranteed Just as Represented, OR NO SALE.
SHARP & FLOYD,
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.
N. B.—Orders by Mail or otherwise promptly attended to. Price List sent. Satisfaction GUARANTEED IN EVERY INSTANCE.
June18—

GREAT SOUTHERN
FREIGHT AND PASSENGER LINE
VIA
CHARLESTON, S. C.
TO AND FROM
BALTIMORE, PHILADELPHIA, NEW YORK, BOSTON,
AND ALL THE NEW ENGLAND MANUFACTURING CITIES.

ELEGANT STATE-ROOM ACCOMMODATIONS.
Sea Voyage Ten to Twelve Hours Shorter Via Charleston.
Total Capacity 40,000 Bales Monthly.
The South Carolina Railroad Company,
And connecting Roads West, in alliance with the Fleet of Thirteen First-Class Steamships to the above Ports, invite attention to the Quick Time and Regular Dispatch afforded to the business public in the Cotton States at the
PORT OF CHARLESTON.
Offering facilities of Rail and Sea Transportation for Freight and Passengers not excelled in excellence and capacity at any other Port. The following splendid Ocean Steamers are regularly on the Line:
TO NEW YORK.
GEORGIA, S. Crowell, Commander.
SOUTH CAROLINA, T. J. Beckett, Commander.
CLYDE, J. Kennedy, Commander.
MANHATTAN, ... Hall, Commander.
M. S. W... ...sler.
CHAMPION, R. W. Lockwood, Com...
CARLESTON, James Berry, Commander.
JAMES ADGER, T. J. Lockwood, Commander.
JAMES ADGER & CO., Agents, Charleston, S. C.
...LAND, ...ram, Commander.
...GER & CO., Ag...
WAGNER, ...
WM. A. COURTEN... Agents, Charleston, S. C.
TO PHILADELPHIA.
VIRGINIA, Alex. Hunter, Commander.
EMPIRE, C. Hinckley, Commander.
Sailing Days—THURSDAYS.
WM. A. COURTENAY, Agent, Charleston, S. C.
TO BALTIMORE.
FALCON, Haisle, Commander.
MARYLAND, Johnson, Commander.
SEA GULL, Dutton, Commander.
Sailing Days—Every Fifth Day.
PAUL C. TRENHOLM, Agent, Charleston, S. C.
Rates guaranteed as low as those of competing lines. Marine Insurance one-half of 1 per cent.
Through Bills of Lading and Through Tickets
Can be had at all the principal Railroad Offices in Georgia, Alabama, Tennessee and Mississippi, and at Charleston, at which points, in addition to the ordinary Railroad Checks, Passengers will receive Through Tickets by this Route including Transfers, Meals and State Rooms, while on steamboard.
THE SOUTH CAROLINA RAILROAD,
GEORGIA RAILROAD,
And other connecting Lines have largely increased their facilities for the rapid movement of Freight and Cotton, and are now prepared to offer the shortest and most reliable route to Charleston, Savannah, Augusta, Macon, Atlanta and other points in Georgia. On the Georgia Railroad, Fast Cotton Trains are run between Augusta and Atlan

# The Daily Constitution.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE CITY

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE COUNTY.

THE LARGEST CITY, COUNTY AND STATE CIRCULATION.

DEFIES REFUTATION.

BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO.

J. W. AVERY, Editor.

## Morning Edition.

ATLANTA:

THURSDAY, AUGUST 10, 1871.



**Subscribe to The Constitution.**

Parties spending a part or the entire season at the various springs, or other summer resorts through the country, can have THE CONSTITUTION sent to them by addressing a line to this office.

A full report of the decisions of the Supreme Court is furnished to THE CONSTITUTION exclusively, by the Reporter of the Court.


### Queen Victoria.

Mr. Gladstone announced, on a recent occasion, that Queen Victoria will resume public duties as rapidly as her health will permit.

### Convention of the Colored Labor Union.

A call has been issued for a convention of the "trades, labor and industrial unions" of Tennessee, to assemble in Nashville to-day.

### Ohio Platform.

The Radical platform in the above State, seems to be so construed as to bear various interpretations. Like the monster in history, it "has seven heads and ten horns."

### National Labor Union Party.

The above party is the first in the field. The President of that organization has issued a call for a political convention of the representatives of the Union, to be held at Columbus, Ohio, on the 18th day of October next, to nominate candidates for President and Vice-President for the election of 1872.

ANOTHER RAILROAD.—The Bolivar Bulletin is agitating for a narrow gauge railroad from Memphis to Savannah, Hardin county, by way of Somerville, Bolivar and Purdy. The route is a feasible one, and presents as nearly a direct line as any one now in contemplation, and passes through a very good country.

### New Paper.

From some of our exchanges we learn that a new Radical paper will be issued from Washington City about the first of September. It will be the organ of the Southern Radicals, and will support Grant's administration, favor the reduction of taxes, oppose the payment of the national debt by the present generation, and insist on a good seat at the Federal love feast tables.

☞ The New York Journal of Commerce favors the recognition, by law, of suicide as a felony. It would punish the attempt, since it could not be an accomplishment of the act. That paper says: "The public welfare is, in many ways, endangered by allowing people to kill themselves at pleasure—suicides often assuming an epidemic type, unless checked, as is well known, and, hence, there should be a punishment inflicted upon those who attempt to commit the supremely selfish act of suicide, in contempt of all obligations to God and man."

### Ku-Klux.

That, however is not the proper name. The Charleston Courier informs us that last Saturday night in that city the deeds of rowdyism, thieving and persecution as was carried on by the negroes were terrible. They marched in squads, went into different stores and drank what they wanted, and purchased goods, and as soon as they got them into their possession ran off with them. They indulged in insulting language, brandished sticks, fired pistols and declared war against the Germans generally. It seems that the authorities do nothing to stop these outrages. The government of Charleston has been a disgrace to Radicalism, and is also to civilization.

### The Difference.

From the Charleston Courier we learn that quite a change has come over the feelings of the citizens of that place since the election. Not only are they happier, but business circles are also affected by it. The Courier says city stocks were dull and depressed, yet have improved considerably, and fairly touched 57 yesterday. Real estate is looking up, and is in better demand, while holders are stiff. For instance, a piece of property which a broker had offered a few days before the election at $6,000, could not be purchased yesterday at a thousand advance by the very party who would not take it at the first named price. The change which has come over the people is certainly very encouraging and inspirited.

### Death of Dr. O'Keefe.

The sad intelligence of this event reached the city yesterday, creating a general expression of sorrow. Dr. O'Keefe had a host of warm friends, to whom his untimely death is a grievous dispensation of Providence. But upon the widow and large family, left to battle alone the exigencies of life, falls the stroke of fate with agonizing effect; and to them we tender our most heart-felt condolence.

Dr. O'Keefe was a physician of fine ability, ranking, without question, among our first. He was a prominent and active member of our city government, during a period, in which great progress was made in essential reforms and improvements. He was the leader of the public school movement, and ever took an active, vigilant part in advancing the interests of the city.

But he is gone—an energetic, useful citizen, and an affectionate husband and father. The physicians of the city and many other citizens will testify their respect this morning by following his remains to the grave.

### Fire in Talladega.

From the Rome Commercial we learn that on Friday last there was a fire in the above town. Loss probably $50,000.

The Commercial says, the buildings burned were owned by the following persons: Arthur Bingham, three houses, occupied as grocery store by Calhoun & Co, Sun publishing company, cabinet shop, and by negroes as a residence; Heinson's family grocery and bakery; Savery & Plowman's building, occupied by bar and billiard saloon and E. S. Miller, family grocery, Charles George's two buildings, bar and billiard saloon. E. S. Miller's building occupied by Stamps & Joiner's family grocery. Building belonging to the Clarke heirs, occupied as a furniture house. The Watchtower building, occupied by the Watchtower; West's shoe shop; McAdams' jewelry store; A. W. Plowman's law office.

The Sun office, Calhoun & Co, and Heinson lost their entire stocks of goods, Heinson lost about $3,000 in specie. The other establishments saved most of their goods. The entire loss will amount to $50,000. Bingham, Heinson and George are the heaviest loosers. George had about $4,000 insurance. There was no other insurance.

### President King's Letter.

We publish in another column a letter from Judge King in reply to our article of Sunday. Our statement that the Georgia Road's principal interest lies in the prosperity of Atlanta is readily acknowledged. But we are utterly unable to see anything in the letter to sustain the opinion advanced that the Georgia Road is not bound by its former subscription. We think President King is entirely mistaken, when he says that the Georgia Western Road was "conspicuously abandoned." The people of Atlanta never dreamed of abandoning it. A *delay* cannot justly be termed an abandonment. Moreover, the subscription had been *expressly reaffirmed*.

Is it strange that our people should be astonished at the apparent action of the Directors of the Georgia Railroad? Did it not appear like an effort to *defeat the Georgia Western?*

But we are informed by President King, that there has been *no meeting of the Board of Directors*, nor does he even *know the feeling of the Directors on the subject*. The notice given to the City Council, as appears from Major Hillyer's card, was intended, not to represent any action of the Board, but simply to indicate the opinion of Directors, (in which Judge King concurs,) that the subscription is not binding unless renewed.

This was all. There was no intention to intimate that the Georgia Road would *not* still aid in the building of the Georgia Western.

We are encouraged to hope that the Georgia Road will yet unite harmoniously with the city in this great enterprise. It is true, as Judge King states, that the Georgia Road has done much for Atlanta, and that the interests of the two are largely identified. For this very reason we believe that the subscription of the former will yet be made good, for the Georgia Western Railroad, our people are satisfied, will speedily enlarge Atlanta to a population of seventy-five thousand. Hence it is the interest of the Georgia Railroad to aid Atlanta in pushing the new enterprise to rapid completion.

The letter of Judge King commends itself to our citizens by its frankness and temperate tone. It is calculated to enlicit suggestions, none of which we shall forestall by any further comment, but merely call attention to the suggestion contained in Major Hillyer's card in reference to a meeting of citizens.

We shall have more to say on the subject.

### Going to Liberia.

In some of our exchanges we have noticed that quite a number of colored people would sail, in a few weeks, for Liberia. Whether this is best for them or not, is a difficult question to decide. Before the war, many prominent abolitionists were anxious to see colored people go to that country, and their labors were arduous, their devotion seemed sincere, and their zeal and activity untiring, to see as many as possible leave for Liberia.

In his day, Chief Justice Marshall, thought that the "removal of our free colored population is a common object," and said that "the whole Union would be strengthened by removing them, and relieved from a danger whose extent can scarcely be estimated."

From the copy of a report in the African Repository, we make an extract: "With all the dignity and talents of the colored people, with all their refinement and influence, they are doomed to the most degrading associations, and in all the dearest intercourse of society they must feel themselves excluded.

Now, when all other parts of the earth are occupied with other races of men, why should they not rush to the country which is their's by right of inheritance, and with determination make for themselves a country—a home. In no other country can they have opened to their vision such bright prospects of prosperity, usefulness and enjoyment.

Jacob Burnet, Esq., a number of years ago made an address in Cincinnati, in which he said, 'reason, confirmed by experience, conducts to the conclusion that two races of men, so palpably distinguished not only in personal appearance, but in habits, manners and cast, cannot affiliate, or become a united harmonious people. An equality of rights cannot exist between them. The strong party will not concede it, nor can the weak party extort it. Every effort of that character must fail, and every failure will but aggravate the evil. The visible distinction produced by natural causes, which have operated for thousands of years, must continue and perpetuate the separation existing between the races."

Such was the opinion of many of the friends of the colored people at that day. Whether those who entertained them, were correct or not in their judgment, is a question. And whether emigration to Liberia will prove a benefit, must be tested. To go and settle in a new colony, is surrounded with embarrassments and fronted with obstacles. Yet enterprise must be undertaken with difficulty, and failures rarely occur when the object sought is prosecuted, undismayed, and with perseverance.

These families leaving for a new home, may be a part of the pilgrim fathers of that land, and Cape Messurado their Plymouth Rock, and in the distant future, their advent may be considered the brightest leaf in the page of the history of Africa.

### Democracy Should Be Its Best.

The country is sick unto death with Radicalism. It has refused to forget the bitter sectional differences of the past, and foments old enmities. There is no pacification in its theory, on the contrary it invites discord, postpones peace and prevents a return of prosperity. It has distracted the country by its exertions, has sapped the prosperity of our institutions, engenders bitter feeling and keeps alarmed the fears of the patriot. They promise a reform, but their promises will not do. They may present a new front and make a Trojan horse of promises, but we confess that we "fear the Greeks." Their professed honesty reminds one too much of the honesty of Sampson Bass, the Attorney, as described by Dickens. Radicalism cannot reform. The old traditions of the past few years, and the old tastes are now too strong for new principles to which the constitution of their minds is inadequate.

Radicalism is in power, and all know what an exercise they are making of this power. In the management of the general government, they are doing things not delegated to them by the constitution. In the States they are exercising powers reserved by the people, and never granted by them to the States. Radicalism rules under a military organization; it has brought about a corrupt financial system, and a civil service; the commerce of the country has been well nigh ruined; and each day witnesses an interference with the rights of our people. But the wrongs, cruelties and corruptions of Radical rule all are familiar with, all suffer under. Shall we then curse Radicalism for its wicked usurpations, and do no more? The government has been brought by the Radical party to where it is, that fact none deny, then what is the unmistakable duty of the Democratic party? Why, simply to recognize *facts* as they are, relative to the government, and for the Democratic party to base its political action on these facts, and to harmonize and work with energy to secure the control of the government, so as to lessen its evils and to increase its benefits.

For the Democracy to become disintegrated before it is reorganized, secures a defeat beyond doubt. Is this disputed?

### Grant's Renomination.

The chances of Grants re-nomination by the Republicans are good, in fact there seems to be but little doubt of it just now—something, however, may "turn up" to prevent it. His enemies within the Radical camp are making every exertion and straining every nerve to defeat him for the nomination, but the number of office holders at his back, and the Federal patronage at his command, will doubtless secure his nomination. A renomination, however, is one thing, and an election is another. If prudence controls in the Democratic party, the outlook for the success of a Democratic candidate is not in the least inauspicious. The star of Grant's destiny is on the wane, and his defeat can be compassed if the Democratic party will cordially unite. The German element all through the North and West is much dissatisfied with Grant; and if judicious councils prevail, large accessions will be made to the Democratic party. For ten years the German citizens up North have acted with the Radicals, but now they are opposed to Grant's administration, and its revolutionary tendency. The loss of the German vote would operate seriously against Grant, and if wisdom is exercised by the Democracy, this vote can be secured. The Radical party must exert themselves now, or go under. Slavery has been its "harp of a thousand strings," but that is now settled and disposed of, and they must enter the field upon some new issue. What issue they will make, we know not; their management of the finances, the taxation, the internal improvement and the disposition of Federal patronage has not been such as to win them any popularity. The people are thoroughly disgusted with Radical rule, with its corrupt and centralization tendencies, and desire a change. If the Democratic party would look facts in the face, become united, and take advantage of the corruptions, the rottenness and dissension in the Radical party, success would crown its efforts.

### The Victoria League.

THE CONSTITUTION has just received the circular of the above League. It is a new political organization, or body of voters, called "The Equal Rights Party, consisting of both sexes, and founded on the Constitutional right of suffrage which the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Amendments vest in women as well as men. It nominates, and will support, and expects to elect as the next President of the United States, Mrs. Victoria Woodhull." The above we take from the circular.

Now about home, there is nothing pleasanter than to see a woman govern, control, and rule. We like to see them have unlimited sway in the house. As to Mrs. Woodhull we cannot give her any support. Before man forfeited citizenship in the garden of Eden, it was decreed that he was woman's representative, her head, and her protector. It is not woman's mission to mingle in the strifes and contentions of men. To woman, Heaven's last gift to man, has been committed a charge to love to honor and to obey him. She was not intended to hold office. She occupies a higher, a nobler position. Her power is not to be exercised in public meetings; but it is to be used to lift man from the depths of degradation, of vice and woe, up to the felicitous heights of a more exalted civilization, a more perfect christianity. She was not intended to be an actor on the public stage. Modesty and retirement should mark her pathway. May she ever

"Seek to be good, but aim not to be great:
A woman's noblest station is retreat:
Her fairest virtues fly from public sight:
Domestic worth that shuns too strong a light."

### Governor Bullock.

A correspondent of one of the Virginia papers, writing from New York says, that in his travels he had seen the champion pardoning Governor of Georgia, but he seemed jaded and not happy. Contentment is not the lot of mankind. Diogenes limited himself to cabbage and water, and Alexander became drunk with the conquest of Empires. Want of content prompted both.

The Governor finds a sufficiency of funds to go to watering places, leaves Georgia for weeks at a time, and no one complains, it is rumored that he is building a $20,000 barn, and has an easy time generally, and yet he looks jaded, and not happy.

### Letter from Judge John P. King.

*Editor Constitution:* On my return from a short visit to Alabama, the following article in your paper was pointed out to me:

"GEORGIA RAILROAD.

The action of the Directors of this road touching its subscription to the Georgia Western has created profound astonishment, and not a little indignation among our citizens. It is inexplicable in view of the fact that the Georgia Railroad is more dependent upon Atlanta than Augusta. That its greatest interest lies in Atlanta, is an easily demonstrated fact, but there is some reason for the action taken, and there are actors behind the scenes. We shall look into this matter. If the Directors of the Georgia Railroad propose to make war upon Atlanta, our people shall know it, and they shall know who are the leading spirits in the transaction."

A stranger reading the above article would suppose that the Georgia Railroad was a subscriber to the Western Road, and in bad faith had repudiated its subscription "by action of its Directors." To those acquainted with the facts the article was no doubt read with profound astonishment. What are the facts? In 1860, the people of Atlanta applied to the Georgia Road for a subscription to build the Western Road, generally understood then to be a road to Memphis by way of Decatur.

A subscription was promptly made of $350,000. The war came and nothing was done until 1868, when on application of the people of Atlanta, the subscription was renewed on condition that Atlanta would renew its subscription. A renewal was reported, and on the faith of it the surveys were projected in the direction of Decatur. By request and for present convenience the Georgia Railroad paid the whole expenses. After these repeated applications, and these repeated friendly responses, the Georgia Road and the Western Road were suddenly and conspicuously abandoned, and the Georgia Road left to foot the whole bill. I will appeal to any candid citizen of Atlanta to decide who has been badly treated. Atlanta left the Georgia Road and the Western Road to take up a rival Road, and to make the latter popular, it has been constantly held out by its friends that it will "dry up the" Georgia Road.

I will only add here, that there has been no "action of the Directors" on the subject. If the matter has been even talked of at the board I do not recollect it. It was taken for granted that nobody would suppose the company bound by the old subscription; that if interested it was to be by *new action*. I know not what the feeling of the Directors is. I have not even informally approached them.

You promise to "look into this matter." I wish you would. I can give you some aid in ventilating the relations of the Georgia Railroad and the city of Atlanta to this Western road. I should think, however, that the honest and well meaning citizens would rather bury the past history in oblivion. I never now what may be the "action of the Directors," if applied to. It is obvious, however, to every one that many changes have taken place in ten years, or even three years. The whole current of trade is changed, and a road that would have been important and profitable when the Western Road was started, and partly surveyed, might be perfectly worthless now. At any rate, the Georgia Railroad Directors should consider the whole subject in its present condition and decide upon its merits as presented, now. The paramount interest of the Georgia Railroad in the prosperity of Atlanta is readily acknowledged, and this interest has constantly been acknowledged by the acts of the company, and not by windy speeches and chimerical projects that might be much beyond the means of the city and the Georgia Railroad to help it, and which built may carry off more business than it would bring.

No claims are made on the score of disinterested friendship; but that the Georgia Railroad has done more and spent more money to secure the permanent prosperity of Atlanta, and fix it as a converging railroad centre, than all other railroads in the State, "is an easily demonstrated fact." There is not much danger of the Georgia Railroad "making war on Atlanta," unless the company coincides to war upon its own interests. The interests of the company and that of the city are largely identified, and what affects the prosperity of one will affect the prosperity of the other. But this does not prove that the company should ignore all considerations of a heavy interest, and shape its policy to meet the changing caprices of new projectors in this period of reckless railroad mania. But I have gone much beyond my original purpose in hastily penning this sketch. The object was only to deny that there had been any "action of the Directors," and to assert that there was not the slightest foundation for the tone and temper of the short article in your issue on Sunday last.

JOHN P. KING,
President Georgia Railroad.

### A Card from Major Hillyer.

ATLANTA, GA., August 9, 1871.

*Editor Constitution:* There is no sort of necessity for any newspaper controversy about the Georgia Railroad subscription to the Georgia Western. The notice to which you have alluded as having been given by me to the City Council, was on authority of a letter from Judge King, and if you will read, it only goes to the extent that the company does not hold itself bound by any former subscription, and by no means negatives the idea that it will make a new one. I know all about how he came to write it, and I assure you that hostility to the Georgia Western had nothing whatever to do with it. I was in Augusta yesterday, and did what I could, or what I deemed prudent in the matter.

Judge King says he has not been approached on the subject since the idea of building the Georgia Western Road was revived, and he only knows of it from the newspapers and conversations with individuals. The result is, I believe, Judge King would, under proper circumstances, be willing to advise our board to renew its subscription if the Georgia Western is built to Decatur, Alabama instead of Elyton, as now proposed.

I think there should be a meeting of citizens called here in the interest of the Georgia Western, and for the purpose of increasing the stock and let Judge King be invited to be present, and let us hear from him and compare views on the subject. I think great good might come of it. GEO. HILLYER.

## BY TELEGRAPH.

### GEORGIA.

Special to The Constitution.]

THE GEORGIA STATE AGRICULTURAL CONVETION.

ROME, GA., August 9, 1871.—The Agricultural Society to-day elected the following officers:

President—A. H. Colquitt.

Vice-Presidents—

1st Congressional District—Wm. Schley.
2d Congressional District.—D. A. Vason.
3d Congressional District—R. E. Redding.
4th Congressional District—L. F. Livingstone.
5th Congressional District—Samuel Barnett.
6th Congressional District—R. D. Moore.
7th Congressional District—C. W. Howard.

Executive Committee—

1st Congressional District—H. D. Capers.
2d Congressional District—J. K. Barnum.
3d Congressional District—J. H. Fannin.
4th Congressional District—J. S. Lawton.
5th Congressional District—T. J. Smith.
6th Congressional District—R. D. Wynn.
7th Congressional District—W. Phillips.

The Society will hear the Commissioners on the part of the Alumni of the State University and the city of Milledgeville on the Agricultural College to-morrow.

MIGNONNE.

*ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.*

### WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, August 9.—Dr. Vandeman, who has been here for some time in the interest of Chattanooga, has gone home via Cincinnati. His mission is but partially successful, owing to the prolonged absence of the Postmaster General.

Delano is gone for a couple of weeks. He stumps Ohio.

The following is a private dispatch from a Republican source, dated New Orleans, August 9th:

"The Republican State Convention was organized this morning. Burch was chosen temporary President.

"Warmouth led his forces out of the Convention, and is attempting to hold a bolting Convention now. He took a delegation from only three or four parishes that were regularly elected. The rest of his adherents, entitled to seats, remained.

"A guard of soldiers was in the building to protect public property, and to prevent a riot by a mob that demanded admission."

### NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, August 9.—Before the regular investigation, the Ex-Inspector of Boilers, Berryman, had made serious charges against Inspector Matthews, one of which accuses the latter of forging the former's signature to the certificate of the steamship North American. This, on examination, was proved to be unfounded. Berryman also exhibits a list of six or eight steamers, which at various times were refused certificates by him, but received them from Matthews. He asserts that the latter was actuated by interested motives. His statement tends to show that great demoralization exists in the inspection service. Inspector Matthews was re-examined and admitted that when the Inspectors have a great deal of work they authorize the clerks to make out certificates and sign the Inspectors' name; Inspectors do not get inside boilers to inspect them.

Four more victims of the Westfield disaster are expected to die hourly.

Another Coroner's inquest on the dead of the Westfield disaster commenced to-day.

Julius Raymond, the first witness, testified that his father was killed by the explosion. He said that he stood beside the engine watching its motion when the explosion took place; was certain no one but him was in the engine room for about ten minutes before the explosion; he observed the steam gauge just before the boiler exploded, but did not notice the figures presented. In answer to a juror, the witness reiterated the statement that no one beside himself was in the engine room for ten minutes before the explosion.

Lightning exploded the nitro glycerine at Hoosac Tunnel, killing two.

### GEORGIA.

SAVANNAH, August 9.—The first bale of cotton raised in Georgia this year was received to-day by A. M. Sloan & Co. It was grown in Decatur county, and was sold this morning at auction by Washburn & Silva, at 33½ cents per pound. It was classed as strict middling. This is the second bale of new cotton received at this port.

ROME, August 9.—The State Agricultural Convention met in this city yesterday. From three to four hundred Delegates and many distinguished persons from Georgia, Alabama and South Carolina, were in attendance. Their deliberations were of vital importance to the State.

There will be a picnic at the Fair Grounds to-day.

### KENTUCKY.

LOUISVILLE, August 9.—Ladies' friends claim 35,000 majority. Harland's friends concede from 25,000 to 30,000.

The negroes were taken from the Frankfort jail so quietly that hardly any one was aware of the deed. The negroes were taken across the Kentucky river and hung near the spot where one of them had committed a rape a few days ago.

### LOUISIANA.

NEW ORLEANS, August 9.—At an early hour this morning, large crowds of whites and blacks assembled in front of the Custom House, where the Republican Convention had assembled. At about 9 o'clock two companies of the 19th United States Infantry, with two Gatlin guns, under command of Captain South, arrived. The troops marched in and stacked their guns in the hall at the head of the steps. Canal street entrance. Large force of Deputy United States Marshals closely guarded every entrance to the Custom House. No one was permitted to enter without tickets from Marshal Packard, and at half-past 10, Governor Warmouth, accompanied by General Campbell, Senator Pinckback, and about eighty followers—none with arms—came without tickets—entered the building, and endeavored to pass through the hall, but were stopped by the Deputy Marshal, and informed that no one was permitted to pass until the hour arrived for the opening of the Convention.

Warmouth expressed his indignation, mounted a chair and said: "Having been refused admittance to the hall designated by the Central Committee for holding their convention, I propose we now adjourn to Turner's hall and hold the convention there." The speech was received with cheers and a few hisses. Warmouth descended and proceeded to and entered his carriage. The crowd took out the horses from the carriage and dragged it triumphantly through the streets to Turner's hall. At 12 o'clock the convention was called to order, and Mr. Masters, of Carroll Parish, was elected temporary chairman.

Warmouth, Pinchback, Campbell and Judge Dibbell denounced the interference of the United States officers. Dibbell characterizing the Custom House Convention as a body of administration favorites guarded by bayonets and lawless tyranny. Pinchback said: It is possible we are to be put down by the Government we have sustained; if so, the sooner this Government is torn down and monarchy built on the ruins of a better and permanent organization. Pinchback was made with President. Adjourned until half past seven this evening. Met at Turner's Hall. Packard called the Custom House Convention to order at 12 o'clock. J. Henry Burch, colored, of Baton Rouge, elected temporary chairman. Permanent organization then followed, with Lieut.-Gov. Dunn, chairman.

### MISSOURI.

ST. LOUIS, August 9.—In the Labor Convention the following was adopted: That this organization cheerfully recognize the right of women everywhere to learn and engage in any profession, trade or occupation which they may desire, and that for any certain amount of work they should receive the same pay as men.

### ENGLAND.

LONDON, August 9.—The assistant Secretary of the United States Treasury, Richardson, has completed negotiations to balance the new American five per cent. bonds with the London house of Jay Cooke, McCulloch & Co. The announcement of the arrangement has occasioned a considerable advance in the prices of all the United States bonds in this market.

### SPAIN.

MADRID, August 9.—An impartial newspaper denies, on authority, any intention on the part of government to impose tax on Spanish bonds held by persons outside of the Kingdom.

### FRANCE.

PARIS, August 9.—The police of arrondissement Batagnolles have received a hint from Versailles to moderate their zeal in the arrest of the Communists.

### MIDNIGHT DISPATCHES.

### CALIFORNIA.

SAN FRANCISCO, August 9.—The Pacific coast press unanimously condemn the order of the War Department, countermanding Stoneman's order for an active campaign against the Apachee Indians, for the purpose of giving the Quakers a chance to operate.

The Secretary of the Treasury remitted the forfeiture of 12,300 bags of sugar seized for undervaluation from the San Francisco sugar Refining Company.

The steamer Montana, from Mozattlin, brings $400,000 in treasure.

### MEXICO.

SONORA, August 9.—Sinaloa voted for Juarez.

### SCOTLAND.

EDINBURG, August 9.—A quarter of a million of strangers attended the Scott Centennial.


EXPANDING THE LUNGS.—Step out into the purest air you can find, stand perfectly erect, with head and shoulders back, and then fix ing the lips as if you were going to whistle, draw the air through the lips into the lungs. When the chest is about full, gradually raise the arms, keeping them extended with the palms of the hands down, as you suck in the air, so as to bring them over the head just as the lungs are quite full. Then drop the thumbs inward, and, after forcing the arms backward and chest open, reverse the process by which you draw your breath, till the lungs are empty. This process should be repeated immediately after bathing, and several times during the day. It is impossible to describe to one who has never tried it, the glorious sense of vigor which follows this exercise. It is the best expectorant in the world.


FASTEST TIME ON RECORD.—Eugene West, of Sacramento, rode one hundred miles in four hours and thirty-four minutes one day last week, at the Park Race Course in Sacramento. Some fifteen or twenty horses, mustangs, were rode during the progress of the match. West advertised to make the 100 miles in four hours and fifteen minutes.

### Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, August 9.—Cotton in fair demand and prices easier; middling uplands 19½; Orleans 19½; sales 2,935 bales.

Flour—Southern dull and declining; common to fair extra $5 30a6 50; good to choice $6 55. Whisky lower 92½. Wheat quiet and unchanged. Corn slightly favors buyers; 65½a65¾. Pork a shade lower at $13 50. Beef dull. Lard heavy; kettle 9¾. Turpentine steady. Rosin heavy at $2 35a2 80. Tallow steady 9½. Freights dull.

Money easy. Gold 111a112; market unfavorably affected by the reported placing of a loan in London and an advance on bonds. Governments very strong. 81s 16½; 62s 15; 4s 14; 5s 14½; new 12½; 7s 13½; 8s 12½; 40s 13¼. States not very active; new South Carolinas firm and a trifle higher. Tennessees 75; new 75¼. Virginias 64½; new 73. Louisianas 65; new 61. Levees 70; 8s 83. Alabamas $1 00; 8s 67. Georgias 83; 7s 91. North Carolinas 44; new 27. South Carolinas 72; new 58.

ST. LOUIS, August 9.—Flour dull. Corn drooping. Whisky 90a91. Pork $13 25. Bacon dull; shoulders 6¼a6¾; clear sides 8¼a8¾. Lard—kegs 9.

LOUISVILLE, August 9.—Provisions unsettled. Pork held at $13. Shoulders 6¼; clear sides 7¼a8, packed. Lard 11. Whisky 89.

NEW ORLEANS, August 9—Cotton, low middlings 17a17½; net receipts 720 bales; gross 820; sales 400; stock 43,561.

Flour dull; superfine $4 57a5 00; double extra $6 30a6 65; treble extra $6 75a6 87. Corn quiet; mixed 67a68; white 70. Oats firm at 50a52. Bran dull at $1a1 05. Pork dull at $14 50. Bacon dull at 7½; rib 9½ sides 9. Lard dull at 10¼a11¾. Whisky quiet at 95a $1 05¼. Molasses 30. Coffee firm at 14a16. Bank sterling 23. Gold 11¼.

MOBILE, August 9.—Cotton dull; middlings 18; net receipts 108 bales; exports coastwise 165; sales 50; stock 641.

WILMINGTON, August 9.—Cotton—middlings 19; stock 56.

CHARLESTON, August 9.—Cotton—middlings 18; net receipts 172 bales; sales 705; stock 3,530.

MEMPHIS, August 9.—Flour in fair demand and advanced. Corn quiet. Pork $12a$12 50. Lard dull and lower; prime kettle 9. Bacon dull and drooping; shoulders 6a6½; clear sides 7½.

SAVANNAH, August 9. — Cotton — low middlings 17½; net receipts 19 bales; exports coastwise 85; stock 4,865.

BOSTON, August 9.—Cotton—middlings 20¼; gross receipts 10 bales; sales 200; stock 600.

PHILADELPHIA, August 9.—Cotton dull; middlings 19¼.

BALTIMORE, August 9.—Cotton tending down; middlings 19½; net receipts 57 bales; gross 74; exports coastwise 20; sales 87; stock 1,137.

Flour dull. Wheat firm. Corn scarce and firm; white 77a78; yellow 67a68; mixed 66. Pork dull at 15. Bacon weak; shoulders 7; rib sides 8¼. Lard 10¼11. Whisky nominal at 94a95.

AUGUSTA, August 9.—Cotton weak; middlings 17; sales 186 bales; receipts 16.

MEMPHIS, August 9.—Cotton—middlings 17a18.

GALVESTON, August 9.—Cotton dull; good ordinary 16; net receipts 326 bales; exports coastwise 700; stock 11,050.

NORFOLK, August 9.—Cotton—low middlings 17a; net receipts 35 bales; exports coastwise 30; sales 30; stock 413.

LONDON, August 9 evening.—Consols 93¼. Bonds, 6s, 93¼; 5s, old, 93; 7s 93¼; 40s 93. Sugar afloat 29s 6d. Turpentine 30s 9d to 31s.

PARIS, August 9.—Rentes 88f. 97c.

LIVERPOOL, evening, August 9.—Cotton closed flat; uplands 9½; Orleans 9¾. Turpentine 30s 6d.

### HYMENEAL.

SEWELL—HINDSMAN—Married, on the 10th of July, 1871, by T. N. Rhodes, of Campbell county, Hon. Pearce Sewell and Miss Sarah Hindsman, both of Coweta county, Georgia.

### Funeral Notice.

O'KEEFE—The funeral of the late Dr. D. C. O'Keefe will take place This Morning, from his residence on Hunter street, at ten o'clock. The religious services will be conducted by Rev. Dr. Beasly, at the Second Baptist Church. The friends and various Orders with which he was connected, are respectfully invited to attend.


### New Advertisements.

ATTENTION.

**Atlanta Fire Company, No. 1.**

YOU ARE HEREBY COMMANDED to appear at your Engine House, at nine o'clock, A. M., THIS MORNING, in full uniform, to attend the funeral of Surgeon D. C. O'KEEFE. By order of the President.

M. RYAN, Secretary.

**Hibernian Benevolent Society OF ATLANTA.**

THE members of this Society will m et at their Hall on THIS MORNING, at nine o'clock, to attend the funeral of our late Brother member Dr. O'KEEFE. Each member will wear his Mourning Scarf.

aug10—41t W. DOWLING, Secretary.

**NOTICE.**

THE members of Atlanta Lodge, No. 59, F. and A. M., are requested to meet at their Lodge Room THIS (Thursday) MORNING, at nine o'clock, for the purpose of paying the last tribute of respect to our late Brother, Dr. D. C. O'KEEFE.

By order of W.·. M.·.

JNO. W. PEARCE, Secretary.

All Master Masons in good standing invited to attend. aug10—41t

**New York Lunch House,**

By J. C. CAMPBELL,

No. 4, 2d Door from Phillips & Crew's,

HAS removed one door, and is now open. Invites the public to call. aug10—43t

**NOTICE.**

ON MONDAY, the 14th instant, the members of the

"ATLANTA LAW ASSOCIATION"

are requested to attend a meeting called for the purpose of electing a President of the Association, in place of the Honorable Joseph E. Brown, resigned. At which meeting other business of importance to the Bar will be transacted. Every member of the Bar in Atlanta is requested to attend.

The meeting will be held at the office of A. W. Hammond & Son, at 10 A. M.

A. W. HAMMOND, Secretary.

aug10—54t

**Martha Washington College, ABINGDON, VIRGINIA.**

R. W. JONES, M. A., (University of Virginia,) President and Prof. of Latin and Higher Mathematics.

Rev. W. G. E. CUNNYNGHAM, D. D., Treasurer and Prof. Moral Philosophy, etc., with NINE other Professors and Assistants.

THE next session will begin 4th October, 1871. The course of instruction is of the same as that of any institution in this country for Young Ladies. Instrumental (Piano and Organ) and Vocal Music taught by the most accomplished Masters; Drawing and Painting by a skilful Artist.

Buildings commodious, elegant and well furnished; grounds incomparably beautiful—situated on the Virginia and Tennessee Railroad, 15 miles east of Bristol, amid the mountains and mineral waters of southwestern Virginia. This College possesses advantages of healthfulness, grandeur of scenery and accessibility rarely equalled and never surpassed.

Board and Tuition in English and Latin, for Twenty Weeks, from $95 to $105, in advance.

For Catalogue, or other information, apply to the President, or Rev. Dr. Cunnyngham.

aug10—d2m

JOHN LEIPER. R. P. MENEFEE.

**Established 1850.**

**LEIPER & MENEFEE,**

Near the Railroad Depot,

MURFREESBORO, TENNESSEE,

**PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANTS,**

DEALERS IN

Produce, Bacon, Lard, Wheat, Corn, Etc., Etc.

Agents for the purchase of COTTON.

**WAREHOUSE**

Immediately on Track Railroad.

NO CHARGE FOR STORAGE.

Can Store, (if need be, for Parties,)

**100,000 bushels of Grain.**

And keep it in bins, thus saving Sacking, Ratage and Waste in Storage.

Having opened an office in St. Louis, Mo., our Mr. LEIPER will remain there during the season, for the purpose of filling orders for Wheat, Corn, Bacon, and all other Produce.

Office—No. 18 South Commercial street, St. Louis.

feb20-dtil1an1, '72

**Oglethorpe University.**

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE to all persons expecting to patronize the University Preparatory School, that it will be opened at the usual time for the reception of pupils.

By order of the Board of Trustees.

J. S. WILSON, President
aug8—41f Board of Trustees.

**Quick Time to Savannah.**

PASSENGERS for Savannah will take the 2:45 P. M. Train on the Macon and Western Railroad, connecting at Macon with the 8:30 P. M., Train on the Macon and Brunswick Railroad, arriving in Savannah at 8:35 A. M.

**Be Sure and Ask for Tickets**

—VIA—

**MACON & BRUNSWICK RAILROAD.**

WM. MacRAE, General Sup't,
Macon and Brunswick R. R.

G. T. ANDERSON,
General Western Agent.

aug8—d3w

**TO RENT.**

FOR RENT—apply to J. H. James' office in his absence.

TWO STORES, near the Railroad, to be ready by first of October.

ONE LARGE HALL in his building now being erected, suitable for a Concert Hall.

ONE HALL and ROOM, known as Moore's Commercial College.

Some Basements and Sleeping Rooms.

aug8—d3t J. H. JAMES.

**On Sale for Thirty Days.**

WE OFFER THE

**Merchant Mill and Farm,**

AT the "old WILLIAMS MILL place," five miles from Atlanta, at very low figures, as it is desired to close it out on account of the ill-health of the proprietor.

Mill new and in excellent order, two run of Stones—one for Wheat and one for Corn. Dam new and first class; eighteen feet head of water. A saw little Piece of 300 acres.

Purchaser can buy with the property fifty head of Hogs, and a pair of Mules and Wagon—if desired.

No better investment for the money.

Terms of payment easy.

House on place both for

**Farm and Miller.**

Apply at once, to

BELL & HAMMOCK,
aug6—d2t Real Estate Agents.

**Wesleyan Female INSTITUTE, Staunton, Virginia.**

WILL begin the 32nd Annual Session September 21, 1871, and close June 24, 1872.

Rev. Wm. A. Harris, President, with an able Corps of Twenty Teachers and Officers.

This date, as College for young ladies ranks highest. Solid and Literature are taught by Graduates of our first Universities and Colleges. French, by a Native Master. Music by Six Professors and Teachers, among whom are two of the most distinguished and cultivated Singers and Teachers of Vocal Music in the South.

This is one of the healthiest climates in the world. Pupils who come here from the Gulf States with feeble constitutions, with chills and climatial diseases are entirely restored.

Buildings and Grounds are elegant. Scenery for thirty miles around the great Valley of Virginia, surpassingly grand and beautiful, making it one of the loveliest College homes in the Union.

The last session, one hundred young ladies attended this School from fourteen Southern States.

[From Judge John N. Hendren, M. A., University of Virginia.]

I regard the Wesleyan Female Institute as one of the very best and most attractive Schools in the State.

[From Prof. Wm. H. Peters, LL. D., of University of Virginia.]

. . . . . .

Young ladies committed to the care of Prof. Harris will enjoy advantages of moral and intellectual training rarely found.

[From Bishop R. H. Marvin, D. D.]

The Wesleyan Female Institute is an honor to the Church. Instruction is thorough. All classes stand high. The School is very prosperous, and deserves to be so.

TERMS FOR THE ENTIRE SCHOLASTIC YEAR.—Board and Tuition in the Collegiate Course, $200. Music and other Extras, moderate.

☞ For Catalogues, address

REV. WM. A. HARRIS,

# The Daily Constitution.

ATLANTA:

THURSDAY, AUGUST 10, 1871.


## City Intelligence.

INDEX TO NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—The Atlanta Law Association meets on Monday next, 14th inst., to elect a President, vice Hon. Joseph E. Brown, resigned. The meeting will be held at the office of A. W. Hammond & Son, at 10 A. M.

The Hibernian Benevolent Society, will meet at their Hall this morning at 9 o'clock to attend the funeral of Dr. O'Keefe.

The members of Atlanta Lodge, Masons, meet at their Lodge room this morning, at 9 o'clock, to attend the funeral of Dr. O'Keefe.

The members of Atlanta Fire Company meet at the Engine House, at 9 o'clock this morning, to attend the funeral of Dr. O'Keefe.

The next session of Martha Washington College, at Abingdon, Virginia, will begin on the fourth of October, 1871. See card.

The New York Lunch House has been removed one door above the old stand on Marietta Street.

REOPENED.—The telegraph office at Stone Mountain was reopened yesterday. Henry Holcombe is the genial operator.

BASE BALL.—The Olympians, of West Point, play a match game with a picked nine of the Pastimes, of Montgomery, Alabama, soon.

UNION STOCK PEN.—The several railroads centering here have united together in building an Union Stock Pen, on the Georgia Railroad, just below Bell street bridge.

STONE MOUNTAIN PUBLIC SCHOOL.—The Public School at Stone Mountain, opened on Monday last, under charge of Rev. T. B. Cooper, with some sixty pupils.

FOR BUFORD AND THE BARBECUE TO-DAY. The train for Buford leaves at 7 o'clock this morning. Fare for the round trip, including dinner, only one dollar. From present indications, we judge that the train will be crowded. Tickets to be had at the Air Line Depot.

PARDONED.—Dr. S. B. Innes, convicted of the offence of Rape at the October term of Fulton Superior Court, and sentenced to the penitentiary for twenty years, received yesterday from Governor Bullock a full pardon. The petition for His pardon was signed by many citizens.

BRANCHING OUT.—Messrs. Leiper & Menefee, of Murfreesboro, Tennessee, have established a branch house in St. Louis, Mo. Mr. Jno. Leiper will attend to the business in St. Louis. This firm is well known throughout Georgia for their fair dealing and promptness.

FUNERAL OF DR. O'KEEFE.—The funeral of Dr. D. C. O'Keefe will take place this morning, from his residence on Hunter street, at ten o'clock. The religious services will be conducted by Rev. W. T. Brantly, D. D., at the Second Baptist Church. The Masons, Hibernians, Atlanta Fire Company, physicians and citizens generally will attend the funeral.

ATTEMPTED TO ESCAPE FROM JAIL.—On Tuesday night W. A. Bonnell, the Jailor of Fulton county, discovered, in time, an attempt made by several of the prisoners to escape by cutting their way out with a razor. The razor is badly used up. The parties who tried to escape were Wiley Redmond, Thomas Manson, Anderson Brown, Henry Parker, Isaac Fullum and Alfred Monroe.

GEORGE S. THOMAS.—We are requested by George S. Thomas, Esq., to state that he was not counsel in the Hobbs case in the District Court; that in the case of Willis Harris he contended that he was married to a colored woman in Tennessee, according to the Lex Loci, and that Tennessee had a right to pass such a law under the Civil Rights Bill, and Georgia had a right to pass a law against such marriages. He thinks the law of Georgia right.

POST OFFICE, ATLANTA, GA., August 9, 1871.—*Mr. Local:* Please publish for the benefit of your readers that the Post Office Department having made a contract with the Atlanta and Richmond Air Line Railway Company for carrying the mail daily between Atlanta and Gainesville, Ga., which service will commence on the 15th proximo, and so soon as post offices shall have been established at Norcross, Duluth and Buford daily mails will be sent to those offices also. JAS. L. DENNIS, P. M.

MARTHA WASHINGTON COLLEGE, ABINGDON, VIRGINIA.—We call attention to the advertisement of this Institution in our columns to-day. It possesses a first class corps of teachers, and offers other advantages not surpassed by any institution in the country. Its President, Professor R. W. Jones is a christian gentleman of rare scholastic attainments' being a first honor graduate of Randolph Macon College, Virginia, and of the University of Virginia. Having occupied the position of Professor in some of the best institutions of that State, he brings to his present position a ripe experience. Our people who design sending their daughters out of the State to be educated, should consider the advantages offered by Martha Washington before sending elsewhere.

PERSONAL.—Col. James M. Pace, of Covington, is in the city.

The Jonesboro Herald says that of all the live merchants of Atlanta, John Stephens is the livest.

On Tuesday morning Mr. G. T. Wiedman was married at Indian Springs to Mrs. Newell, of Milledgeville. They arrived here last night and are stopping at the Kimball House.

The Glasgow, Missouri, Journal of the 3d says:

"Miss Le lie Hayden, daughter of our worthy fellow townsman Mr. L. F. Hayden, returned from the South on Saturday evening last. She was accompanied by her cousin, Miss Lucie Hayden, the beautiful and accomplished daughter of Judge James A. Hayden, an eminent lawyer of Atlanta, Ga. We have often heard of the surpassing beauty of Southern belles, and more than once have we been tempted to visit the sunny South, for no other reason than to feast upon the beauty of her lovely daughters. Georgia's representative does by no means fall short of the picture we had painted in our visions of Southern beauty."

Judge Hayden is a brick of a lawyer, in fact a brick lawyer. We cordially endorse all that is said of Miss Lucie.

Judge W. B. Smith, Clerk of the United States District Court, is at his post.

BARBECUE ON THE TURNPIKE.—Yesterday we attended a pleasant social re union on the Atlanta, Decatur and Stone Mountain Turnpike Road, about six miles from the city. The barbecue was most excellent and served up in Thomas E. Whitaker's inimitable style. After dinner came the toasts.

The Bar was responded to by S. R. Hoyle.

Fulton County—By Judge Pittman. W. H. Venable and C. M. Payne.

Doctors—By Dr. Billups.

Atlanta and West Point Railroad—By W. P. Orme and W. G. Herndon.

Real Estate—By N. R. Fowler.

Banks—By W. H. Tuller.

Atlanta—By W. R. Hill.

Our Firemen—By J. H. Mccaslin.

Commerce—By Jeff. Norman.

The Press—By "Ye Local."

The Turnpike—By Major Dick Orme in one of his happiest efforts.

There was an abundance of solids and liquids, and the day was spent very pleasantly by all.

The Turnpike has been graded for a distance of four miles like a railroad track and is being pushed forward, with Major Dick Orme's indomitable pluck.

RECREANTION.—The counsel for the congressionists, through Mr. B. H. Trasher, take exception to our remarks upon the position taken by them, that negroes under the 15th Amendment and the Civil Rights Bill, had a right to marry whom they chose, that "we look upon the position as mischievous in its tendencies and results." We have not traversed them or denied their right to defend the accused. But we do maintain that the position taken by them is "mischievous in its tendencies and results." The colored race, as a class, are ignorant and badly misled, and all know the truth of the saying, "give them an inch and they will take an ell." The position is dangerous to the peace and good order of society.

The code of Georgia, adopted by the new Constitution, declares that "the social status of the citizen shall never be the subject of legislation." That clause of the Constitution also denies to the Legislature the power to pass laws in future regulating the social status or conditions of the two races to unite in social intercourse. The laws can in existence allowed churches, for instance, to determine for themselves who should occupy their seats, and where they should sit, and permitted railroad and steamboat companies and hotel keepers to classify and assign places in the cars, seats and accommodations, according to social status and color, as they might think proper, the constitution has put it beyond the power of the Legislature ever to pass any law compelling them to make different distinctions, or to crowd together in social intercourse, those who do not recognize each other as social equals.

What is the law as laid down in the decision of the Supreme Court in the case of Scott vs. the State. We will incline to the belief that no such questions will be raised, and no indictments held out for violation of a law founded upon correct principles.

SENSATIONAL DISTRICT COURT.—Most of the morning session of the Fulton County Superior Court was consumed in hearing argument in the case of the State vs. Owen George, a colored preacher, charged with marrying a white man and a colored woman contrary to the laws of Georgia. George was defended by Messrs. Thrasher, Thomas and Colquitt.

In the afternoon argument was heard in the case of the State vs. Ella Thompson, a white girl, charged with vagrancy. She was ably defended by J. T. Pilcher and George S. Thomas. The Judge reserved his decision.

In the case of William Hobbs, a white man convicted of fornication with a colored woman, Judge Lawrence rendered the following decision:

This is an accusation against the defendant, William Hobbs, a white man, with living in fornication with Martha Johnson a black woman. As the jury in this case very properly took the law from the mouth of the court perhaps, it becomes me, in passing sentence on the defendant here found guilty to give my reasons for my charge to the jury.

*First*, it seems to the trial of these cases, to have become almost a duty to purge oneself from all imputation of prejudice to the colored race, who are always the weaker party to these trials and appealed to for the weaker party. I will observe that in my very raising and faith I am in relation to the colored citizens, their friend, "after the strictest sect of the Pharisees." Born, nurtured and raised among them, I have never experienced at their hands, from my infancy to this hour, aught but respect and kind acts. Ingratitude and forgetfulness of past kindness I have met with from those who were my bondspeople, but not more than would have been evinced by people of any other color under the same circumstances; and I own that all my prejudices, if I have any, are in their favor.

Memories of childhood, manhood—the sudden close of our civil struggle adversely to us stone prevents me, I believe, from being able to add, of declining age—all plead with me in their behalf. I love them. The associations of the Past—my sense of their unpreparedness for their trying situation, forbid me to do otherwise. And, in their proper place, I would not exchange them in the service of the household and of the Beth for any race under the sun. But I must, under my obligations administer the law as I find and understand it—adding naught to, and ministering naught from it.

It is conceded that according to the Code of the State, the Constitution, of the United States, and the laws of Congress passed in pursuance thereof have precedence of all laws conflicting with them in the administration of justice in this State. But does the section of the Code forbidding intermarriages between black and white persons conflict with the Constitution of the United States or any of its amendments, or any law passed by Congress in pursuance thereof? The Supreme Court of the State has set this question at rest in 20 Ga. Rep., Scott vs. The State.

But on general principles, to push the argument further, the State, having the unquestionable right to regulate the law of contracts as between its own citizens and marriage, in the eye of the law, being a civil contract, has the right to declare whatever disabilities it pleases as to the parties to the contract. And unless the disabilities imposed affects one of the parties only, on account of race, color or previous condition, or on any other general ground, how can it be claimed that the black man is denied any of his civil rights under the 15th Amendment, or any law of the United States? Does the law of Georgia put the black man under any disqualification that the white man is not equally under? Are they not equal in the eye of the law? Has not Congress itself recognized the Constitution and laws of the State? Does not the clause forbid the intermarrying of the white citizen with the colored, as well as the colored citizen with the white, under the same penalty? It certainly does. Either intermarrying with the other is amenable to the same penalty imposed by the law.

It will scarcely be assumed that the object of the 15th Amendment and laws of Congress passed in pursuance thereof, securing the civil rights of the freedmen, were designed to lift the black man in citizenship above the white man. All they can be supposed to require of the States is to put him on equal legal footing with the white man.

Has the law in question done so, and is therefore perfectly consistent with the amendment and with the laws of Congress.

Therefore the jury in this case having found the defendant guilty, it is considered, adjudged and ordered that the defendant William Hobbs do pay the sum of ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS, or be imprisoned in the common jail of the county for the term of six MONTHS to be computed from date.

Martha Johnson, Hobbs' colored paramour, was sentenced to pay a fine of $250 or three months on the public works.

Willis Harris, colored, convicted of fornication with a white woman was sentenced to pay a fine of $250 or six months on the public works.

Mary Harris, Willis' white paramour, was sentenced to pay a fine of ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS or six months on the public works.

Owen George, the colored preacher convicted of illegally marrying a white man to a colored woman, was sentenced to pay a fine of $50 or ten days on the public works.

Green Martin, colored, convicted of larceny from the house, was sentenced to pay a fine of $100 or six months on the public works.

W. Beattie, colored, convicted of a similar offense received a similar sentence.

Judge Lawrence and District Attorney Irwin are discharging their whole duty.

ATLANTA, August 9, 1871.—*Mr. Local:* In your paper to-day you set forth the fact that myself and others defended one Hobbs before the District Court of the Thirty-fifth Senatorial District, and you go further and say:

"We learn that the bar generally express indignation at the position assumed by the defense. We look upon the position assumed as mischievous in its tendencies and results."

It is indeed strange that attorneys cannot take all the grounds for the defense of their clients without the ing arraigned in the public prints. We have been em pl yed to defend the party, and if we fail to take every position consistent with law which might lead to his discharge, we would be unworthy attorneys. I have seen your best lawyers defend negro men for rape upon white women, and no howl was raised about it, because it was just and right that they should have counsel, to see that the law was properly administered, and that no advantage was taken of them.

Just so it is in this case. We want no advantage taken of Hobbs, and we want the law and nothing but the law administered in his case. Why not them allow us to defend Hobbs for intermarrying with a negro woman without traducing us in every manner possible? If it is against law for him to so marry, can society be hurt by having the legal question settled? and if it be law, is it any harm to invoke the aid of that law in his defense? Why the use of squirming so over the position taken by the defense? The mere taking of the position by us does not make the marriage legal.

You say it is right to punish him. We say it is not right unless the law says so. Now, is it any grievous sin to test the question before the Courts of the country? If it is, then law is a farce and liberty a myth. So far as I am concerned, I am responsible alone to my client. To his interests I look, and everything else stands to one side. No one but the most infamous of attorneys would sacrifice one jot or tittle of his clients rights to satisfy public clamor, and whenever I do may my right arm rot in its socket. When I am satisfied I am right, and the world turns against me, then I am against the world and fling the indignation of attorneys, and every one else, back into their faces. I would not let one chance slip to free my client for the benignant smiles of thousands, and he who would wish me to do so has a cowardly, cringling, unmanly spirit, and is proscriptive and tyrannical in his very nature.

I do not endorse the position, that white and black ought to intermarry, but I do say if the law allows it, they should be protected in it, if their appetites so lead them. And if it is a fact, that the 14th amendment and the civil rights bill allows such intermarriages, the testing of the question would only open the eyes of the people and they can elect men to places who will declare them null and void. I shall go forward in this matter and do what I conceive to be my duty irrespective of consequences. Respectfully,

B. H. TRASHER.

### GEORGIA SUPREME COURT.

**Cases to be Decided in the Supreme Court, in Order, July Term, 1871.**

REPORTED EXCLUSIVELY FOR THE CONSTITUTION, BY N. J. HAMMOND, SUPREME COURT REPORTER.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 6. Pataula Circuit | 42 | 13. Cherokee Circuit | 18 |
| 7. Chattahoochee Circuit | 33 | 14. Northern Circuit | 5 |
| 8. Macon Circuit | 16 | 15. Augusta Circuit | 10 |
| 9. Flint Circuit | 1 | 16. Middle Circuit | 1 |
| 10. Tallapoosa Circuit | 5 | 17. Ocmulgee Circuit | 3 |
| 11. Atlanta Circuit | 23 | 18. Eastern Circuit | 6 |
| 12. Coweta Circuit | 11 | 19. Brunswick Circuit | 8 |

SUPREME COURT OF GEORGIA—*August* 9, 1871.—Argument of No. 36, Pataula Circuit, was concluded.

Nos. 3 and 5, and 14, was put to the heel of this Circuit, because of Judge Clark's indisposition. Nos. 12 and 13, also, was carried to the heel of this Circuit by consent.

No. 9 was argued. It is Kirkland Broocks and Mrs. Kirkland Davis. Homestead from Randolph. Hood & Kiddoo for plaintiffs in error.

H. Fielder for defendant.

No. 7 was argued. It is Geo. A. Mosley vs. A. J. Moseley. Tower from Early.

Thos. F. Jones, H. Fielder, for plaintiff in error.

Richard Sims by Kiddoo for defendant.

No. 10 was withdrawn. It is Benj. Smith, next friend, &c., vs. E. Ingram. Complaint for land from Clay.

H. Fielder, Hood & Kiddoo, for plaintiff in error.

Richard Sims for defendant.

No. 13 was argued. It is James A. Ayer & Co. vs. Rogers Blocker, et al. Complaint from Clay.

R. H. Powell, H. Fielder, for plaintiffs in error.

Hood & Kiddoo for defendant.

No. 15 was argued. It is W. L. Scarrs vs. E. H. Beall. Complaint from Stewart.

Moses & Browning for plaintiff in error.

E. H. Beall for defendant.

No. 17 was argued. It is David B. Harrell vs. Henry G. Pangle. Rule against Sheriff from Stewart.

Moses & Browning for plaintiff in error.

E. H. Beall for defendant.

No. 19 was argued. It is Wm. A. Ramsay vs. Wm. B. Thornton. Equity from Stewart.

Beall & Tucker for plaintiff in error.

J. L. Wiggins, M. Gillis, H. Fielder for defendant.

Isaac L. Wade, Esq., of Vienna, Ga., was admitted to this bar.

No. 19 was taken up. It is Keetch Ford vs. H. & C. B. Adams, Administrators, et al. Suit on bond from Stewart.

B. S. Worrill for plaintiff in error.

M. Gillis, E. H. Beall for defendant.

Pending argument in this case, Court adjourned till 10 o'clock, A. M., to-morrow.

CHARLES READE'S great work, "A Terrible Temptation," just received at Phillips & Crew's

## HOTEL ARRIVALS,

THE H. I. KIMBALL HOUSE, AUGUST 9, 1871

*Gritlenden & Co., Proprietors.*

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| J E Dark a w, Ala | " | J C Williams, | " |
| A Curtis a s, Brunswick | | W J Ramsey, Columbus | |
| W Duncan, Savannah | | O E Woodruff, Macon | |
| W J Baynard, N Y | | F J Wilkins, Columbus | |
| W L Wardsworth, city | | E Young, | " |
| G W Bennett, Ky | | W L Reid, | " |
| J Cuyler, Ma | | Miss Motley, | " |
| P S Fitch, Griffin | | Miss Bergson, | " |
| R J Anderson, Macon | | Miss Sallie Carter, Rome, | |
| G T Wiedman & l, Ga | | S W Crenshaw, Columbus, | |
| Miss T Caliawa, Ga | | Sam Cherry, | " |
| Miss Ida Calloway, Ga | | Mrs Goulding, | " |
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| W A Russell, Savannah | | B H Bigham, LaGrange, | |
| A W Persons a w, Macon, | | H McNeal, | " |
| J T Achols, Americus, | | L D Walker, S C | |
| A Hirsh, | " | Rev H M Smith a w, Ga | |
| W Mayblum a l, Texas, | | Mrs Hattie Smith, Rome, | |
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| | | H W Wright, Atlanta, | |

## Local and Business Notices.

M. BUICE has over 300,000 feet Lumber for sale very low. Call early if you want bargains. Lumber Yard on Hunter street, near City Hall. aug19-deod3m

ATTENTION HOUSE KEEPERS.—Prepare for winter, by laying in your supply of coal. Large lump that keeps well all the year, from J. S. WILSON. aug 6-sun tus thur 1m

J. S. WILSON sells the Caryville coal. Large lump Bituminous, same as the Coal Creek, out of the same vein, in the same mountain, and only a short distance from the Coal Creek Mines; and as cheap as the cheapest. aug 6-sun thus thur 1m

$100,000 A YEAR.—Is a small estimate to put on the value of property saved to this country by the use of Prof. Isaacsen's great "Sure Pop" on rats, roaches and bugs. It is a great discovery, and we understand the Agricultural Societies of New York, Pennsylvania and Massachusetts, have presented Prof. Isaacsen with Diplomas in testimony of the efficiency of his great "Sure Pop," it is a discovery which will place his name along side of Fulton, Morse, Franklin and other public benefactors. An investment of 35 cents will well repay any one trubled with rats or mice; again we say try it, try "Sure Pop." aug8-deod1w

ROOMS TO RENT.—20 Rooms to rent, formerly occupied as the Stubblefield House on Alabama street, suitable for offices or bedrooms. Possession given at once. Apply to M. Stubblefield, at National Hotel. july28-d1w

LEMONS! LEMONS!! LEMONS!!!—30,000 Lemons received by Stokes & Bro.—$7 to $8 per box, according to quantity taken. july28-d1w

BETTER, QUICKER, CHEAPER Binding, Ruling, etc., done at Hanleiter's than any other establishment. Send your books, magazines, papers, etc., at once.

WM. R. HANLEITER,
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HANLEITER continues to do all kinds of Ruling and Book Binding Granite Block, Atlanta, Ga. nov17-dly

WE are Agents for the Battle Creek Coal Mines, and are prepared to furnish Coal for grates or steam, by car load, delivered in Atlanta, at 25½ cents per bushel, or at 18 cents on cars at Chattanooga. This Coal is the best offered in our market, and this is the time to buy your Coal for winter.

July7—dtf ANDERSON, PATTON & Co. Chattanooga, Tenn.

PEEL'S RESTAURANT.—This popular resort is still open to the public. Everything nice can be had here. The bar is supplied with the choicest liquors and cigars. Confectioneries and fruits of all kind. All orders must be accompanied with the cash. apr27-dly

REDUCTION OF 20 PER CENT. ON FORMER PRICES.—Eiseman & Bro., are offering immense bargains in Summer Clothing. Owing to the lateness of the season they have determined to reduce their stock, in order to make room and prepare for the fall trade. Their variety is almost endless; their styles unequaled, and gentlemen who desire fashionable and elegant garments, should not fail to give them a call. aug5— apr1129—dtf

HAVE YOU NEVER HEARD OF IT?—Then inquire at once at your grocer's for Dooley's Chemical Yeast Powder, the only strictly pure and harmless Baking Powder in market, from which good, sweet, palatable biscuits, rolls, cakes, or pastry can be made uniformly with the same success. This article has been steadily increasing in demand and public favor, and stands to-day the most reliable Baking Powder in use. Ask your grocer for Dooley's Yeast Powder, and you will find no more to its practical worth will be added by thousands of others. aug8-d1w

In the active pursuits of pleasure or gain, the inestimable blessing of health is too often forgotten, until disease is firmly seated, and the fact only realized by great bodily and mental suffering. The Liver is the vulnerable point in most persons, and the disarrangement of that organ involves almost the whole system; hence the reason why under Liver disease there is enumerated such a number of afflictions, and we claim the Simmons' Liver Regulator to be a remedy for them all.

aug8-deod1w&wlt

BILLIOUSNESS AND INDIGESTION.—These two complaints are more general at this season of the year than at almost any other. They are closely akin; for billiousness always involves an impaired digestion, and indigestion is necessarily an accompaniment of a disordered or torpid liver. Happy the man or woman who can boast of a stomach that has never felt the horrors of dyspepsia, and to whom that great secretive agent, the liver, has never given pain or trouble. Not one in a thousand can lay claim to entire immunity from irregularity in these organs. How, then, shall they be regulated? Not by powerful cathartics, alternated with ordinary stimulants, but by a medicinal invigorant, like Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which combine in due proportion the tonic and the alterative principle. Wherever there is a church, a schoolhouse, and a general store, this famous medicine may be procured. No villiage merchant finds it prudent to be without it, for it is inquired for every day by every class. The workingman buys it because it increases his capacity for toil, and is followed by no reaction. The effect of the salubrious roots, herb, etc., of which it is composed, diffused through his system by the pure stimulant which forms the basis of the Bitters, is most healthful and invigorating. The scholar, the merchant, and, in fact, all men, whose minds or bodies, or both, are in constant exercise, will derive benefit from its use. To persons of sedentary habits it supplies, in some measures, that activity in the circulation which is obtained by physical exertion, and is the best known remedy for constipation.

Ask for Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, and do not be coaxed into purchasing any of the imitations and frauds some times offered in its stead. aug 8—deod6t&wlt

## NORTH GEORGIA FEMALE COLLEGE,

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Between Wheat and Line Streets, Atlanta, Ga.

FALL SESSION opens September 4th, 1871. For Circulars, containing full particulars, apply at the Book and Music Stores, or at the College.

A. J. & ANNIE B. HARE, Principals.

july23—d3m

## LaGrange District Meeting.

LAGRANGE DISTRICT MEETING of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, will be held at LaGrange, on SATURDAY, EMBRACING FIFTH SUNDAY IN JULY. Opening sermon on Wednesday night, 26th instant, by Rev. W. M. CRUMLEY.

H. I. ADAMS, P. E.

LaGrange, July 7, 1871.

## R. R. R.

## RADWAY'S READY RELIEF CURES THE WORST PAINS IN FROM ONE TO TWENTY MINUTES.

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after reading this advertisement need any one SUFFER WITH PAIN.

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It was the first and is

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that instantly stops the most excruciating pains, allays inflammation, and cures Congestions, whether of the Lungs, Stomach, Bowels, or other glands or organs, by one application.

IN FROM ONE TO TWENTY MINUTES,

no matter how violent or excruciating the pain the Rheumatic, Bed-ridden Infirm, Crip,led Nervous, Neuralgic, or prostrated with disease may suffer

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WILL AFFORD INSTANT EASE.

Inflammation of the Kidneys, Inflammation of the Bladder, Inflammation of the Bowels, Congestion of the Lungs, Sore Throat, Difficult Breathing, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics, Croup, Diphtheria, Catarrh, Influenza, Headache, Toothache, Neuralgia Rheumatism, Cold Chills, Ague Chills.

The application of the READY RELIEF to the part or parts where the pain or difficulty exists will afford ease and comfort.

Twenty drops in half a tumbler of water will in a few moments cure Cramps, Spasms, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Sick Headache, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Colic, Wind in the Bowels, and all Internal Pains.

Travelers should always carry a bottle of Radway's Ready Relief with them. A few drops in water will prevent sickness or pains from change of water. It is better than French Brandy or Bitters as a stimulant.

FEVER AND AGUE.

Fever and Ague cured for fifty cents. There is not a remedial agent in this world that will cure Fever and Ague, and all other Malarious, Bilious, Scarlet, Typhoid, Yellow, and other Fevers aided by RADWAY'S PILLS so quick as RADWAY'S READY RELIEF. Fifty cents per bottle.

HEALTH! BEAUTY!!

Strong and Pure Rich Blood—Increase of Flesh and Weight—Clear Skin and Beautiful Complexion secured to all.

## Dr. Radway's Sarsaparillian Resolvent

Has made the most astonishing Cures; so quick, so rapid are the changes the Body undergoes, under the influence of this Truly Wonderful Medicine, that

EVERY DAY AN INCREASE IN FLESH AND WEIGHT IS SEEN AND FELT.

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER.

Every drop of the SARSAPRILLIAN RESOLVENT communicates through the Blood, Sweat, Urine, and other fluids and tissues of the system the vigor of life, for it repairs the wastes of the body with new and sound material. Scrofula, Syphilis, Consumption, Glandular disease, Disease in the throat, Mouth, Tumors, Nodes in the Glands and other parts of the system, Sore Eyes, Strumorous discharges from the Ears, and the worst forms of Skin diseases, Eruptions, Fevers, Sores, Scald Head, Ring Worm, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Acne, Black Spots, Worms in the Flesh, Tumors, Cancers in the Womb, and all weakening and painful discharges, Night Sweats, Loss of Sperm and all wastes of the life principle, are within the curative range of this wonder of Modern Chemistry, and a few days' use will prove to any person using it for either of these forms of disease its potent powers to cure them.

If the patient, daily becoming reduced by the wastes and decomposition that is continually progressing, succeeds in arresting these wastes, and repairs the same with new material made from healthy blood—and this the SARSAPARILLIAN will and does secure—a cure is certain; for when once this remedy commences its work of purification, and succeeds in diminishing the loss of wastes, its repairs will be rapid, and every day the patient will feel himself growing better and stronger, the food will taste better, appetite improving, and flesh and weight increasing.

Not only does the SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT excel all known remedial agents in the cure of Chronic, Scrofulous, Constitutional, and Skin diseases; but it is the only positive cure for

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Urinary, and Womb diseases, Gravel, Diabetes, Dropsy, Stoppage of Water, Incontinence of Urine, Bright's Disease, Albuminuria, and in all cases where there are brick dust deposits, or the water is thick, cloudy, mixed with substances like the white of an egg, or threads like white silk, or there is a morbid, dark, bilious appearance, and white bone-dust deposits, and when there is a pricking, burning sensation when passing water, and pain in the Small of the Back and along the Loins.

Price $1 Per Bottle.

## DR. RADWAY'S Perfect Purgative Pills,

Perfectly tasteless, elegantly coated with sweet gum, purge, regulate, purify, cleanse and strengthen. Radway's Pills for the cure of all disorders of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous Diseases, Headache, Constipation, Costiveness, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Bilious Fever, Inflammation of the Bowels, Piles, and all derangements of the Internal Viscera. Warranted to effect a positive cure. Purely Vegetable, containing no mercury, mineral, or deleterious drugs.

Observe the following symptoms resulting from Disorders of the Digestive Organs:

Constipation, Inward Piles, Fullness of the Blood in the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust of Food, Fullness or weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried and Difficult Breathing.

A few doses of RADWAY'S PILLS will free the system from all the above named disorders. Price 25 cents per box. SOLD BY DRUGGISTS.

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1. The plan of Instruction adopted for the reorganization of the University, is that of Independent Schools.

2. The discipline will be that of the best military institutions of the country, under the direction of the President and Commandant.

3. An application for admission into the lowest class in the Institution must pass a satisfactory examination on English Grammar, Geography and Arithmetic; and for admission into an advanced class, must satisfy the Professor in each school into which he proposes to enter, of his ability to profit by the instruction to be given.

4. The scholastic year is divided into two terms. The first begins on the first Wednesday in October, and continues to the second Wednesday in February. The second begins at the close of the first, and continues to the last Wednesday of June following.

5. The mode of instruction is by Lectures and Text Books, accompanied by daily examinations.

6. *However*.—The following charges include every necessary expense per session of nine months, half of which must be paid at the beginning of each term:

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| Tuition | $ 50 00 |
| Board and Lodging | 150 00 |
| Washing | 18 00 |
| Fuel, Lights and Attendance | 20 00 |
| Hospital fee | 10 00 |
| Music Fee | 5 00 |
| Total | $253 00 |

7. The estimated annual cost of Clothing, including Uniform, which can be purchased of the Quartermaster, is one hundred and fifty-seven dollars. It is required of each Cadet to deposit with the TREASURY $265 0 at the beginning of each session, with the understanding that he shall pay for what he actually receives. A strict account will be kept of his expenses, and if they shall prove to be less than the sum indicated, the balance will be paid over to him at the end of the year. Beyond the amount deposited no supplies will be furnished, until an additional deposit to defray their cost is made.

8. The Cadet may bring with him the usual supply of under clothing; of outer clothing, he should bring none excepting the suit he wears.

9. One Cadet from each county will be admitted into the University free of expense for Tuition, upon the recommendation of the County Superintendent of Education, and acceptance by the Executive Committee of the Faculty.

10. Persons desiring further information on the subject of the University, will make application to Prof. W. S. WYMAN, Chairman of Executive Committee, at Tuscaloosa.

JOSEPH HODGSON,
President of Board of Regents.

aug 1-till oct 1.

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FOR THE FUTURE we will club the Daily and Weekly Constitution, with

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An excellent agricultural monthly paper.

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aug6-d3w

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FOUNTAINS, VASES,

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## Lawn and Garden Ornaments.

GALVANISED WIRE FENCE, for Farms, Lawns, Heneries, etc.

CRESTINGS FOR MANSARD ROOFS, a large variety of new and desirable patterns.

IRON STABLE FIXTURES, of the most approved designs.

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Over 250 new and original patterns.

ESTIMATES GIVEN FOR ALL WORK WHEN REQUIRED.

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july28—d3m NEW YORK.

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A PURELY SOUTHERN INSTITUTION, investing its money where it obtains its patronage—more economically managed than any Company of its age in the country—its losses being over fifty per cent. below the average of American companies—its ratio of assets to liabilities being greater than any institution of equal business in the United States.

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## CARD.

ATLANTA, GA., July 1st, 1871.

At the annual meeting of the Stockholders and Directors of the Atlanta Department of the Southern Life Insurance Company, the undersigned were appointed, in accordance with the earnest desire of the President and Secretary, a committee to examine the books, assets, liabilities, &c., of the Department.

We have patiently and thoroughly examined everything pertaining to the Company's business, and are gratified in being able to state to the absent Directors, Stockholders and Policy holders, that the business of the Company has been conducted by the officers with economy and fidelity; and that our former confidence in the great success of the Company and its ability to furnish to Policy holders as perfect security as any in the country, has been strengthened.

[Signed] J. S. HAMILTON, BEN. C. YANCEY, A. H. COLQUITT, } Committee.

july24-dtf

Hutchinson's Single and Double

**CIDER MILLS,**

**The American Cider Mill**

LIGHTNING APPLE PARERS,

**Lightning Peach Parers,**

Also, a large arrival of

## Frash Turnip Seed,

—AT—

## ECHOLS & WILSON'S

**Agricultural Warehouse and Seed Store,**

BROAD STREET, BY THE BRIDGE.

N. B.—Our Stock of every class of IMPLEMENTS is being daily added to. Every Implement for the Farm and Garden can be had at the LOWEST PRICES. july6—dtm

## Special Notice.

**Excursion Return Tickets!**

**GREAT REDUCTION!**

THE WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD and its connections will sell

# The Daily Constitution.

*BACKBONE.*

When you see a little fellow-mortal;
Without fixed and fearless views,
Hanging on the skirts of others,
Walking in their cast-off shoes,
Bowing low to wealth of favor,
With object, uncovered head,
Ready to retract or waver,
Willing to be drove or led;
Walk yourself with firmer bearing,
Throw your moral shoulders back,
Show your spine has nerve and marrow—
Just the thing which his must lack.

A stronger word
Was never heard
In sense and tone
Than this—backbone.

When you see a theologian
Hugging close to some ugly creed,
Fearing to reject or question
Dogmas which his pride may read,
Holding back all noble feeling,
Choking down each manly view,
Barring more for forms and symbols
Than to know the Good and True;
Walk yourself with firmer bearing,
Throw your moral shoulders back,
Show your spine has bone and marrow—
Just the thing which his must lack.

A stronger word
Was never heard
In sense and tone
Than this—backbone.

When you see a politician
Crawling through contracted holes,
Begging for some fat position,
In the ring or at the polls,
With no sterling manhood in him,
Nothing stable, broad or sound,
Destitute of pluck or ballast,
Double-sided all around;
Walk yourself with firmer bearing,
Throw your moral shoulders back,
Show your spine has nerve and marrow—
Just the thing which his must lack.

A stronger word
Was never heard
In sense and tone
Than this—backbone.

A modest song and plainly told—
The text is worth a mine of gold;
For many men most gladly lack
A noble stiffness in the back.

## BY TELEGRAPH.

*ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.*

### LOUISIANA.

NEW ORLEANS, August 9.—There will be double delegations from all the parishes in the State with the exception of eight or ten, which are represented by delegates friendly to Warmouth. In two or three wards of the city, where Warmouth delegates are elected, there are no credentials, and in all other wards there are double delegations. Warmouth's friends claim a majority in the whole delegation, and say they will go into the Convention without tickets from the State Committee and leave the question to be decided by a properly constituted committee on credentials. The committee meets at 12 M., to-morrow, in the United States Court-room in the Custom House Building.

### OHIO.

LONDON, August 9.—Mr. and Mrs. Calburn nee Buffenbarger, are here at their old home. They are confident of success. The feeling here is all in their favor, a majority thinking poison was injected after death by malice of Thompson. The prosecuting witness, who sat up to the present, made his appearance. At the inquest, to be held to-morrow, Professor Warmily, of Columbus, will be cross-examined on the presence of poison by absorption. A new question in medical science will be raised.

### NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, August 9.—The Liberia Republican of May 10th states that the Presidential election took place May 2d, and apparently resulted in the election of Roberts as President and Gardner Vice President.

President Roye, however, maintains that he was elected for four years, and his term has not expired. He may dispute the validity of the elections of Roberts and Gardner.

BUFFALO, August 9.—Clara G won the first three straight heats. Time, 2:30, 2:26¼, 2:26. Fullerton won the second, winning the third, fourth and fifth heats. Time, 2:27½, 2:29½, 2:29½, 2:29, 2:31½.

The third race was postponed.

### ILLINOIS.

CHICAGO, August 9.—A whirlwind at Winnecone, Wisconsin, capsized the steamer Star, drowning Captain George Smith and a raftsman. A boom of fifty million feet of logs was broken.

The Roman Catholic Church at Granville was destroyed.

### MISSOURI.

ST. LOUIS, August 9.—The county elections are proceeding quietly. Charles Stick, Democratic candidate for Presiding Justice, has a majority of 1,500 in the city.

### KENTUCKY.

LOUISVILLE, August 9.—Two hundred masked men took two negroes from the Frankfort jail, one charged with rape, and the other with firing the first shot in a riot where two whites were killed, and hanged them a short distance from the town.

### UTAH.

SALT LAKE CITY, August 9.—A Mormon was held to bail in the sum of $5,000, in the third district court, under the charge of adultery preferred by his first wife.

### FRANCE.

PARIS, August 9.—The Germans have commenced the evacuation of the forts north and east of Paris.

### ENGLAND.

LONDON, August 9.—A meeting was held in Heidelburg on Sunday to take measures for the foundation of the Church of the German. Forty delegates were present from various parts of Germany, Austria and Switzerland. A committee was appointed to draw up a constitution for the new church. Its main points will be the principles of the Council of Constance of 1514, subordination of the Pope to the council, separation of the church, and the State participation of laymen in the management of the church, the election of Bishops, communal election of pastors and modification of confessional.

The delegates are divided in opinion as to whether the New Church should acknowledge the primacy of the Pope. A committee was instructed to submit their report for ratification at the meeting to be held in Munich, next September.

### General News Items.

Dexter is thirteen years old.

Masquerade balls are all the rage at Cape May.

Talladega, Alabama, has had a fifty thousand dollar fire.

Three thousand people arrived at Long Branch last Saturday.

Newark manufactured $5,500,000 worth of patent leather last year.

Michigan has five thousand one hundred and eleven inland lakes.

Main has got 300,000 tons of ice, for which she cannot find a customer.

There are 132 Episcopal clergymen in New Jersey, and 11,500 communicants.

Boston estimates the value of its public school property at about six million dollars.

The prices of improved farms in California are lower than they were three years ago.

Forty thousand persons have left New York for Europe during the past three weeks.

Sixty millions of shad have been hatched at Holyoke, Mass., on the Connecticut this season.

S. G. Drake, of Boston, has finished a Dictionary of American biography, on which he has worked 12 years.

A citizen of Baltimore has subscribed $50,000 in cash, toward the erection of an Opera House in Washington City.

A bear, perfectly white, with the exception of black ears and a black line down its back, was recently shot in Oregon.

A Saratoga belle, who dressed nineteen times a day, has gone into a decline. So has her father, he declines to pay his notes.

Fifty manufacturing establishments at Rock Island, Illinois, employ 2,056 hands, and sell goods to the amount of $5,133,000 annually.

The City Council of Lexington, Ky., have purchased fifty-one and half acres of ground for $15,450, for the purpose of a park and water works.

The Navy Department is about to undertake the building of two Torpedo boats, authorized by the last Congress, and which are to cost $600,000.

### Air-Line Eaglets.

Every train to Gainesville is freighted with visitors from this and other States. They cannot breathe a balmier atmosphere.

A party came off at the Sulphur Springs on Tuesday, which was one of the most brilliant of the season. Board at the Sulphur Springs is $40 00 per month, $25 00 for two weeks, $15 00 per week, and $2 per day.


THE ALABAMA & CHATTANOOGA R. R.

COMPLETED

And forms, with its

CONNECTIONS,

—THE—

SHORTEST LINE

—FROM—

Chattanooga

—TO—

MOBILE, NEW ORLEANS, VICKSBURG,

—AND ALL—

SOUTHWESTERN CITIES.

BY the completion of the Alabama and Chattanooga Railroad, first-class Passenger Fare has been reduced to the following figures:

Chattanooga to Meridian.....$12 00
" to Mobile.....17 25
" to New Orleans.....22 25
" to Jackson, Miss.....17 00
" to Vicksburg.....19 00
" to Monroe, La.....24 00

Magnificent cars of the latest and most approved patterns are run on all trains.

This is the only route that runs PULLMAN'S PALACE DAY and SLEEPING CARS from Chattanooga to Mobile and New Orleans.

THROUGH TICKETS FOR SALE AT THE

PRINCIPAL RAILROAD & HOTEL OFFICES

The attention of Freight Shippers is called to this

SHORT LINE

As offering the advantages of speedy transit between the North and South for all descriptions of freight, with rates always as low as by any other route.

Through Bills of Lading issued to the principal cities North and South.

WILLIAM KRAVY,
General Freight and Passenger Agent.
J. C. STANTON, General Supt,
june30—dtf

H. H. WITT & CO.,

COMMISSION DEALERS

—AND—

SHIPPERS OF COUNTRY PRODUCE,

SUCH AS BUTTER, CHEESE EGGS, POULTRY, GAME, VENISON, DRESSED CHICKENS, TURKEYS, DUCKS, GEESE, ETC.,

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WE SOLICIT CONSIGNMENTS FROM THE FARMERS and merchants of North East Georgia. We promise quick sales, small commissions and fair dealing. Give us a trial.

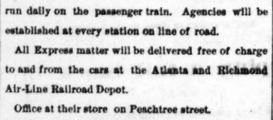
AIR-LINE EXPRESS.

WE have established a regular EXPRESS LINE on the AIR-LINE RAILROAD. A messenger will run daily on the passenger train. Agencies will be established at every station on line of road.

All Express matter will be delivered free of charge to and from the cars at the Atlanta and Richmond Air-Line Railroad Depot.

Office at their store on Peachtree street.

H. H. WITT & CO.,
Proprietors.
july8-d6m



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MASONIC FEMALE COLLEGE,

COVINGTON, GEORGIA.

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J. Rev. J. H. BILLINGS, President.
july15—d1m

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WE are now prepared to select and survey routes, prepare estimates of cost, contract for the building of, and to make all necessary purchases for the equipment of

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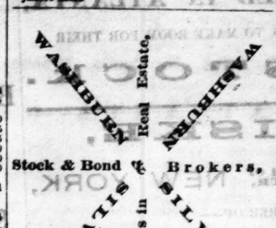


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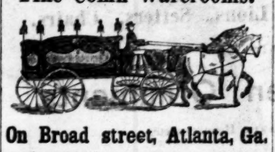

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Prompt attendance guaranteed to all orders.

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Rome, Georgia, November 15, 1870—dtf

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WILL give prompt attention to any business entrusted to them.

OFFICE—In "The H. I. Kimball House," Nos. 16 and 18, directly over H. I. Kimball's office, fronting on the Railroad.

Geo. N. Lester will continue to reside at Marietta, and will attend the courts as heretofore, but will generally be AT THE OFFICE. march5-dtf

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DEATH TO RATS, ROACHES, BEDBUGS, etc., never failing, boxes double the size as others. Hermetically sealed and always fresh.

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THE undersigned are now prepared to receive orders for all kinds of Terra Cotta work, of the most approved patterns and designs. They will make it to the interest of all parties wishing articles in their line to call on them and encourage their new enterprise, and will guarantee to furnish such articles at lower rates than they can be obtained at any other manufactory in the Southern country. Window Caps, Flower Vases, Fountains, Brackets, Medelion, etc. ALL SIZES VITRIFIED STONE SEWER PIPE always on hand.

All are especially invited to call and see our works. Samples to be seen at the factory on old Race Track street, near Barracks. P. PELLEGRINI,
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NEW YORK AND GLASGOW,

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The steamers of this favorite line are built expressly for the Atlantic Passenger Trade, and fitted up in every respect with all the modern improvements calculated to insure the safety, comfort, and convenience of passengers.

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Commissioners' Sale.

WILL be sold at public outcry, before the Court house door in the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, Georgia, on the first Tuesday in September next, within the legal hours of sale, the following property, to-wit:

All that city store house and lot, situated in said city and county, and known as ROARK CORNER, the same fronting one hundred feet on the corner of Whitehall and Mitchell streets, in said city, and having a front of thirteen feet on Whitehall street, and running back with said Mitchell street the same width, one hundred and ten feet, more or less, on Whitehall street. Sold for the purpose of division among the Commissioners of said store house and lot, under and by virtue of an order of the Superior Court of said county directing us to make said sale. This 31st July, 1871.

J. E. DODD,
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W. R. PHILLIPS, Commissioners.
aug6—d1m

FOR SALE.

An Opportunity Rarely Offered.

WELL ESTABLISHED BUSINESS, requiring a Capital of only Four Hundred Dollars can be made this Fall. For further particulars, call from 9 to 10 A. M., or from 2 to 3 P. M., at No. 2 Rail Road Row, Whitehall street. july28-d1m

THE MISSES LANE

will open a School for Young Ladies, IN NEW YORK CITY, ON

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For circulars apply to Rev. S. P. Lane.



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OF THE

Northern Pacific Railroad.

RAPID PROGRESS OF THE WORK.

THE building of the Northern Pacific Railroad (begun July 2d, 1870) is being pushed forward with great energy from both extremities of the line. Several thousand men are employed in Minnesota and on the Pacific coast. The grade is nearly completed 206 miles westward from Lake Superior; trains are running over 120 miles of finished road, and track laying is rapidly progressing toward the eastern border of Dakota. Including the purchase of the St. Paul and Pacific Road, the Northern Pacific Company now own 412 miles of completed road, and by September next this will be increased to at least 500.

A Good Investment.—Jay Cooke & Co. are now selling, and unhesitatingly recommend, as a reliable, and perfectly safe investment, the First Mortgage Land Grant Gold Bonds of the Northern Pacific Railroad Company. They have 30 years to run, bear Seven and Three-Tenths per cent. gold interest, (more than 8 per cent. currency,) and are secured by first and only mortgage on the ENTIRE ROAD AND ITS EQUIPMENTS, and also, as fast as the Road is completed, on

22,000 Acres of Land to every mile of track or 500 Acres for each $1,000 Bond. They are exempt from United States Tax; Principal and Interest are payable in Gold; Denominations: Coupons, $100 to $1,000; Registered, $100 to $10,000.

Lands for Bonds.—Northern Pacific 7-30's are at all times receivable at TEN PER CENT. ABOVE PAR, in exchange for the Company's Lands, at their lowest cash price. This renders them practically INTEREST BEARING LAND WARRANTS.

Sinking Fund.—The proceeds of all sales of Lands are required to be devoted to the re-purchase and cancellation of the First Mortgage Bonds of the Company. The Land Grant of the Road exceeds Fifty Million Acres. This immense Sinking Fund will undoubtedly cancel the principal of the Company's bonded debt before it falls due. With their ample security and high rate of interest, there is no investment, accessible to the people, which is more PROFITABLE OR SAFE.

Exchanging U. S. Five-Twenties.—The success of the New Government 5 per cent. Loan will compel the early surrender of United States 6 per cents. Many holders of Five-Twenties are now exchanging them for Northern Pacific Seven-Thirties, thus realizing a handsome profit, and greatly increasing their yearly income.

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CONSTITUTED by the homes of the people, received the Great Award of the Highest Sales, and have left all rivals far behind them, for they sold in 1870, One Hundred and Twenty-seven Thousand Eight Hundred and Thirty-three Machines.

The Singer Manufacturing Company sold over the Florence Sewing Machine Company.....110,173 Machines.
Sold over the Wilcox & Gibbs' Sewing Machine Company.....98,943 "
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It is the most simple and easily regulated Machine now in use.

The shuttle gives an even tension from the full to the empty bobbin.

Makes the most durable, elastic and smooth stitch.

Stitching the softest muslin without drawing it into the feed, and from that to heavy cloth or leather without changing the tension, making it capable of a greater range of work than any other machine made.

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The work moves from you instead of sideways, which is much easier to manage.

For speed and ease of operation it is unequaled.

Our machinery is all protected from dust.

Our corder, tucker, gatherer, quilter, trimmer, fringer, binder, hemmer, braider, feller and embroidery attachment are simple and easily used.

We have the best of silks of our own manufacture at wholesale and retail, of all colors and numbers.

We will place the Singer in your family for a trial with any machine you may wish to try with it.

The sales of our New Family Sewing Machine is steadily increasing, showing its popularity.

The new No. 1 Machine for Tailors and Bootmakers is the best in the market.

Examine before purchasing.

Are now sold on easy terms at the Atlanta Agency.

R. T. SMILIE, Local Agent,
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Agents wanted everywhere.

800 Thread, Needles, Oil, etc., always on hand.

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THE ALLEVIATOR OF ALL PHYSICAL PAIN.

BRANCH & QUIN'S LINIMENT, besides being the best and perhaps the only, remedy for that excruciating disease, the Rheumatism, has been proved capable of curing neuralgia, pneumonia, diphtheria, sore throat, toothache, earache, headache.

Though only known to the public for about the space of twelve months, this unrivaled medicine has nevertheless already attained a wide notoriety—hundreds restored to health by its wonderful power, now testify to its many virtues, and the proprietors are constantly receiving applications for it from almost every quarter.

Branch & Quin's Liniment is no Yankee swindle. Its proprietors are Southern men. All they ask is a trial in order to convince say one, even the most obstinate and prejudiced of its merits—they are prepared to guarantee it to be as represented.

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